# Strike called for to mark invasion

TRIPOLI, Lebanon (R) - Two leading pro-Syrian politicians in northero Lebanon called Saturday for a nationwide general strike on Monday to mark the first anniversary of Israel's invasion of Lebanon. In a joint statement issued in this northern port city, former President Suleiman Franjieh and ex-Prime Minister Rushid Karami said June 6 should be declared a "day of national mourning and general strike." The politicians, who are based in Syrian-controlled areas of northern Lebanon, are leading a movement of pro-Syrian parties who reject an Israeli troop withdrawal accord signed by the Beirut government last May 17. The government itself has not announced any plans to mark the anniversary. Mr. Karami is elder statesman of the northern city of Tripoli and Mr. Franjieh rules an enclave to the west of it.



Kuwait assembly approves aid

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwah's National Assembly Saturday approved an 18 million Kuwaiti dinars (S61 million) aid package to Jordan, Lebanc and the Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO), an assembly spokesman said.
It also approved aid to Syria worth about 87 million dinars (\$297 million). Jassem Al Khorafi, head of the assembly's financial committee, told reporters. He said this was in accordance with an Arab summit resolution adopted in Tunisia in 1980. The assembly, however, decided to stop additional aid to "frontline" Arab states worth 19 million dinars (\$65 million) annually after Libya and Algeria suspended their payments. Mr. Khorafi said. The frontline states are Jordan. Syria and Lebanon.

Volume 8 Number 2280

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon Lebanon Lebanon Lebanon Lebanon Lebanon Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

## Hassan attends army exercises

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Saturday watched a joint mobilisation exercise carried out by the Third Royal Armoured Division and the Fourth Royal Mechanised Division within the training-plan framework adopted by the Jordanian Armed Forces. The exercise was attended by the deputy chief-of-staff for operations and planning and commanders of the participating divisions. A delegation representing the University of Jordan also watched the exercises.

### Assad receives Soviet message

DAMASCUS (R) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Saturday received a message from Soviet President Yuri Andropov, the official Syrian News Agency SANA reported. It said the message was conveyed to President Assad by Soviet Ambassador to Damascus Vladimir Youkhine.

### 2 bombs dismantled near Jerusalem

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Explosive experts Saturday dismantled two large bombs planted near the Jaffa Gate entrance to the Old City of Jerusalem, Israel radio reported. A passer-by noticed one and contacted police who uncovered the second during a search of the area, the radio said.

### Bomb kills Ulster reservist

BELFAST (R) — A part-time soldier was killed in Northern Ireland Saturday when a booby-trap bomb exploded while he was operating a mechanical digger in a field, police said. Andrew Stinson. a 37-year-old agricultural contractor, was carrying out drainage work near his home-town of Dungannon in the centre of the British-ruled province when the bomb exploded. A farmer and his 10-year-old son had walked away from the digger just before the blast, but they were not injured.

## Lagos accuses Chad of border attack

LAGOS (R) — Nigeria Saturday accused Chad of breaching an agreement designed to end a border conflict between the two neighbours in Lake Chad by shelling Nigerian troops. An official statement alleged that Chadian forces shelled Nigerian troops while reoccupying positions they had abandoned after clashes on April 18. The statement said that as recently as June 1 Nigerian forces were still being shelled and consequently the border had not been reopened as envisaged in the agr-

## Protesters throw eggs at U.K. minister

GLASGOW, Scotland (R) -Demonstrators opposed to the presence of nuclear weapons in Britain threw eggs and insults at Defence Minister Michael Heseltine Saturday during a nine-hour pre-election visit to Scotland. Mr. Heseltine, campaigning ahead of Thursday's general election, weaved and ducked as police fended off about 50 chanting and placard-carrying demonstrators who tried to surround him.

# **INSIDE**

- Greek team to film Petra.
- Jordan to quintuple wheat
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ain high, page 7

- Evert Lloyd bags fifth French Open title, page 6 Dollar appears to be rem-
- German police probe Frankfurt 'blood-bath', page g

### AMMAN, SUNDAY JUNE 5, 1983 — SHABAAN 23, 1403

Fateh rebellion develops into armed conflict near Baalbek

# Rival Palestinian factions clash in eastern Lebanon

SHTOURA, Lebanon (R) — Rival Palestinian groups feuding over the policies of leader Yasser Arafat battled each other with machine-guns and artillery in eastern Lebanon Saturday and one report spoke of 40 killed or wounded.

Factions for and against Mr. were bound to be other casualties Arafat blamed each other for the elsewhere. clashes between Palesnnian bases around the ancient town of Baa-Syrian border.

It was the first serious clash between rival Palestinian factions behind Syrian lines in Lebanon and showed the gravity of a rebellion against Mr. Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Mr. Arafat's deputy com-mander of Palestinlan military forces Khalil Al Wazir, known as Abu Jihad, told reporters that rebels pressing Mr. Arafat for a more hard-line stance against Israel had started the fighting which lasted about an hour.

Mr. Wazir told reporters in this town about 30 kilometres from the scene of the clashes that he had not heard of anyone killed. State-run Beirut Radio, how-

ever, said there were unconfirmed reports of 40 killed or wounded. Doctors in Baalbek told Reuters by telephone they had seen three bodies and five wounded in

Arens says

Damascus

wants war

one against Israel.

war," he replied.

attrition.

PARIS (R) — Israeli Defence

Minister Moshe Arens was quoted

Saturday as saying he thought

Syria wanted a war and could start

In an interview with the right-

wing daily Le Figaro, Mr. Arens.

was asked if he thought Syria wan-

"The answer is yes. Syria has a

powerful army... there is no doubt

that it is an army that can go to

Earlier this week Syria's Amb-

assador to France Youssef Sha-

kkour said Israel and the United

States were preparing to fight his

country and a war was imminent.

day working visit to France Fri-day, dismissed the idea of a war of

Mr. Arens, who ended a two-

"The Syrians must not imagine

that we will be content to respond

to harassing fire with more harassing fire," he said. "We're not

going to bombard each other from fixed positions with the aim mer-

ely of counting our dead."
He added: "We are the ones

who intend to decide the scale of

the operations and the size of their

ted a war and could start one.

In Damascus, a spokesman for the rebels opposed to Mr. Arafatlbek about 20 kilometres from the told Reuters "suspicious ele-. ments" had started the fighting by opening fire on rebel positions.

The rebel spokesman, Jihad Saleh, strongly hinted that he was referring to mainstream pro-Arafat groups. He said: "Their fighters are also the sons of the

revolution..."
Mr. Saleh said the rebels had been ordered not to fire back but this conflicted with other reports which said machine-gun and artillery fire between several Palestinian bases west and south of Baalbek was intense. .

Syrians keep out Reporters who tried to reach

the areas of fighting, at Nabi Sbat. Hawsh Barada and 'Ain Soda. were stopped by Syrian forces which control the entire area of eastern Lebanon.

The Syrians, in Lebanon since 1976 but now facing Israell forces on front-line positions farther their hospital alone and that there south and in Lebanon's central

launched a fresh initiative Sat-

ferences over the Lebanon-Israe'

troop withdrawal accord as Leb-

anese Foreign Minister Elie Salem

tried to win Saudi backing for the

Saudi Crown Prince Abdullah

Ibn Abdul Aziz, often cast as a

mediator in inter-Arab conflicts,

flew to Libya at the start of a tour

which will also take him to Syria,

Jordan and Iraq. King Fahd said this week Saudi

Arabia would intensify contacts

with Arab leaders to agree on a

common approach to resolve cur-

BEIRUT (R) — Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi

held talks with Lebanese leaders

Saturday on the league's possible

role in getting foreign armies to withdraw from Lebanon. official

Mr. Klibi, who is on a 36-hour

visit, met Lebanese Prime Min-

ister Shafiq Al Wazzan Saturday

moroing. No statement was issued

but official sources said they dis-

cussed what part the league could

play in breaking the deadlock over

sources said.

troop withdrawais.

RIYADH (R) - Saudi Arabia rent crises.

ont of the fighting.

They generally allow the Palestinian fighters, estimated at up to 10,000 in Lebanon, to operate freely behind their lines.

Abu Jihad, one of Mr. Arafat's closest aides, described the fighting as serious and said Mr. Arafat's opponents were trying to drag the Palestinian movement into internal armed conflict.

Abu Jihad said the fighting started when a group of Palestinian fighters commanded by Col. Abu Musa, a leader of the dissident movement within the Fatch guerrilla group, tried to set up a roadblock between Baalbek and the town of Zahle.

When mainstream Fateh fighters tried to stop them, Abu Musa's men opened fire, Abu lihad said.

The rightist Falangist radio. which was first to break the news of the fighting, said the Syrian army had moved tanks into Baalbek, apparently as a result of the inter-Palestinian clash. The radio said an artillery shell

had killed two people and wounded three outside Baalbek. Doctors in Baalbek, reached by telephone, said they had amputated a man's legs after a shell

landed close to his car. Beirut Radio said other casualties included the occupants of two other cars, all of whom were killed by shells. It did not say how many people were in the cars.

urday to narrow inter-Arab dif- the U.S.-backed accord, which has The Saudi Press Agency gave

while Saudi Arabia, Jordan and

Iraq have yet to take a clear stand.

urday, had separate talks with

King Fahd and Saudi Foreign Min-

ister Prince Saud Al Faisal, the

Saudi Press Agency said. There

Officials in Beirut said Lebanon

was trying to win Saudi approval

for the withdrawal agreement. It

also wanted the kingdom to med-

Klibi probes Arab role in Lebanon

President Amin Gemayel for a

second session of talks on the

Lebanese-Israeli withdrawal acc-

The accord was signed last

month but Israel stipulated that its

forces would not leave unless Syr-

ian and Palestinian troops also

left. Syria and other Arab har-

dliners have rejected the agr-

ascus after being briefed by Mr. Gemayel and Mr. Wazzan on

Mr. Klibi later left for Dam-

ord, the sources added.

eement outright.

iate between Lebanon and Syria,

were no details.

Mr. Salem, who arrived Sat-

The Arab World is divided over its own security.

Beirut Radio later interrupted its programmes to say the clashes. which appeared to have subsided earlier, had erupted again in the late afternoon.

The radio said there were a number of casualties in the new fighting, including a Syrian and a 60-year-old man. It did not say whether the Syrian was a soldier.

During its early stages, reports indicated that the mutiny was prompted by dissatisfaction by some of the Fateh members over Mr. Arafat's appointment of sen-ior officers. The dissidents were reported to have said that Mr. Arafat had promoted some officers who had performed badly during the Israeli invasion last

Abu Musa was among the first officers of the Fatch guerrilla group, which Mr. Arafat also heads, to rebel against the leader. calling for rejection of U.S. President Reagan's Middle East, peace plan and other diplomacy.

The revolt began early last month. Abu Musa was soon joined by a few other Fateh officers but it never became clear how many men were behind them.

Mr. Arafat's aides said they thought there were only about 150 men opposed to his policies.

Mr. Arafat has said the revolt

Lebanese sovereignty and harms

Prince Abdullah. the first by a sen-

ior Saudi official to the Libyan

Libyan leader Muammar Qad-

hafi said on Thursday Saudi Ara-

bia was trying to improve relations with his country, which have been

Saudi Arabia sent an amb-

assador back to Tripoli earlier this

year after a one-year break, in

what was seen as an attempt to

improve relations strained by Lib-

agreement, official sources said.

Explosion kills two

day night, two men blew the-

mselves up while handling an exp-

losive charge, an Israeli military

showed they had come from mai-

(Continued on page 2)

Documents found on the men

In the southern city of Tyre Fri-

capital for over a year.

strained.

which says the accord infringes on yan criticism of Saudi policy.

Ghali urges Syria to resume

withdrawal talks with Lebanon

Mr. Klibi also met Lebanese Lebanon's attitude towards the

was instigated and supported by Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi. who has praised the rebellion and called on the PLO to take a harder line against Israel. S. Arabia launches new initiative



His Majesty King Hussein is seen off Saturday by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan upon his departure for Baghdad (Petra photo)

# King arrives in Baghdad

BAGHDAD (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein arrived in Baghdad Saturday for talks with President Saddam Hussein. The talks will be within the framework of coordination and consultation between Iraq and Jordan," the Jordanian News Agency, Petra.

King Hussein is accompanied on the visit by Prime Minister

met upon arrival at Baghdad air- senior officials. port by President Saddam Hussein and senior Iraqi officials.

King Hussein and the del-

Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi and Court Min- and the National Consultative ister Amer Khammash. They were Council. cabinet members and

Before the King's departure, Crown Prince Hassan was sworn in as Regent, and a royal decree egation were seen off at Amman was issued appointing Minister of Airport by His Royal Highness Information Adnan Abu Odeh as Crown Prince Hassan, speakers of acting prime minister.

# Arafat: 'Situation explosive'

NICOSIA (R) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat arrived in monitored in Paris. Mr. Arafat Algiers Saturday and said the sit- said the Middle East situation had. uation in the Middle East was 'extremely explosive."

Mr. Arafat, who earlier in the . At present there was "a preday was reported to have received a top-level message of support from the Soviet Union, had flown ments of the PLO feuding over his erfere in Palestinian affairs." leadership fought one another in eastern Lebanon.

In a statement reported by the Chadli Benjedid, with whom he Algerian news agency APS and "nearly degenerated into war last week.

carious calm caused by intemational interventions," he said. He denounced "certain Arab to Algeria from Bucharest as ele-structures which are trying to int-He said he would examine the situation with Algerian President

conferred later. Algerian Foreign Minister Ahmad Taleb Ibrahimi and Hani Al Hassan, Mr. Arafat's political adviser, also participated. In Bucharest, the Romanian

News Agency Agerpress said Mr. Arafat had held talks with President Nicolae Ceausescu, an active participant in Middle East dip-

(Continued on page 3)

moderate, realistic and diplomatic

position that PLO Chairman

(Yasser) Arafat has taken over the

past months, and is convinced that

his current role is of a highly pos-

itive influence on the international

position of the Palestinians," Mr.

Maaten said. He explained that

the "moderate line adopted by

Mr. Arafat is reflected through the

PLO's readiness to explore all

venues that might lead to a just

and comprehensive peaceful set-

Amman for the Netherlands Sun-

(Continued nn page 3)

The delegation, which leaves

# Dutch team stresses PLO role

By Lamis K. Andoni

AMMAN — The inclusion of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), which is the "only representative" of the Palestinian people, is most essential in any effort to solve the Middle East conflict, a visiting delegation from the Netherlands said Saturday.

Speaking at a press conference. Jules Maaten, head of the delegation of the Dutch Young Liberals Party, said: "We (the Dutch Young Liberal Organisation) are sure that involvement of the Palestinians themselves, through what is realistically their only representative, the PLO, in the peace government to recognise the PLO. process is the only way to solve the

central problem of the Middle East: The Palestinian issue." Mr. Maaten headed a five-

member delegation on a twoweek fact finding mission to the Middle East, including Jordan, Syria. Lebanon and the Israeli occupied West Bank. The delegation members bel-

ong to the Dutch Liberal Party, a coalition partner with the Christian Democrat Party ruling the Netherlands.

The Dutch government does not recognise the PLO as"the sole and legitimate representative of the Palestinian people." But Mr. Maaten said that his organisation has officially called on the Dutch "The delegation supports the

day, expressed appreciation for the stand of the Jordanian gov-

tlement.

# U.N. committee hears accounts of Israeli human rights violation

By Afifah A. Kaloti Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Detailed accounts of

wide-ranging human rights vio-lations by the Israeli occupation authorities were heard Saturday by a special United Nations committee which started its hearings in Amman Thursday.
The United Nations Special

Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Arab Territories heard testimonies from various people who gave accounts of personal experience or first-hand kno-1 wledge of Israeli measures against the population. Harassment of university tea-

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chers and students, demolition of houses, including cases occurring as recently as last month, and degrading ill-treatment of persons under arrest constituted a major part of the testimonies heard by the committee in its two sessions in Amman.

The committee was set up to monitor human rights violations in occupied territories by Israel since the 1907 war

olution shortly after the Israeli

1967." Ignatius B. Fonseka. chairman of the committee said. The three-member committee comprises representatives from Yugoslavia and Senegal, apart from Mr. Fonseka from Sri Lanka. In an interview with the Jordan

Times Mr. Fonseka said that since

the establishment of the com-

mittee, it has been giving an ann-

"The committee was established by a United Nations res-

ual report on its findings to the (Continued nn page 3)

The Embassy of the Kingdom of Belgium announces with deep regret the death on the June 1, 1983 of

His Royal Highness PRINCE CHARLES OF BELGIUM **Count of Flanders** 

A condolence register will be opened at the Chancery of the Embassy on Monday 6 and

Tuesday 7 of June 1983 from 10:00 to 13:00 hrs.

# Sharon says cabinet agreed to expand Lebanon invasion

TELAVIV(R) — The Israeli cabmet approved plans to strike deep into Lebanon, beyond a 40kilometre "security zone," on the first day of the invasion last summer. former Defence Minister Ariel Sharon said Saturday.

Mr. Sharon, who was forced to resign the defence post and is now minister without portfolio, said in a radin interview marking the first anniversary of the invasion that at-

plan for actions beyond the zone. The Israeli government initially presented the invasion to the public as a limited operation designed to push Palestinian guerrillas out of shelling range of Israeli border settlements by creating the "security zone" in South Lebanon.

the start of the war he presented a

But Mr. Sharon said that on the

ROME (R) — Egyptian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros Ghali, in an interview published Saturday, called on Syria to resume a dialogue with Lebanon over the withdrawal of Syrian tro-

Europe could play a mediating role between Damascus and Beirut, he told the Milan daily Cor-. riere Della Sera.

Syria has denounced an

own troops out of eastern and northern Lebanon.
Mr. Ghali, who arrived on Thu--

spokesman said.

rsday, said he had discussed the Middle East with Italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo and during a private audience with Pope John Paul. An Egyptian

(Continued on page 2)

## (Continued on page 2) Israeli-Lebanese accord on the U.S. expects harsh Soviet reply to Euromissiles

WASHINGTON (R) — The Soviet Union is expected to react harshly when new U.S. nuclear missiles are based in Europe but is likely to stop short of deploying its own rockets in Latin America, a

U.S. Senate report said Saturday. It predicted basing of American Pershing-2 and cruise missiles in Europe would go ahead from next December because no U.S.-Soviet arms control agreement was likely to be reached in time to prevent that the Soviets will deploy land-

the deployment. The report was written by five tero hemisphere in response,"

senior staff members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee who interviewed officials in Moscow and Europe in preparation for congressional hearings this month.

on U.S.-Soviet relations. "The deployment in Europe of Pershing-2 and cruise missiles is likely to take place but it will generate a harsh Soviet reaction." they concluded.

"It appears unlikely, however.

based nuclear missiles in the wes-

iet official as saying Moscow would not put missiles in Cuba because of the 1962 U.S.-Soviet understanding which ended the Cuban missile crisis.

They quoted an unnamed Sov-

'Soviet missile deployments elsewhere in Latin America would seem to be extremely dangerous, both because of U.S. reaction and because of political instability throughout the region," the report

continued. It said stationing of Soviet mis-

sile submarines closer to the United States would put the submarines in jeopardy.

The report did not speculate on what alternative response the Soviet Union might choose. The North Atlantic Treaty Org-

anisation (NATO) allies plan to begin deploying the first of 572 U.S. missues in Europe in December if Moscow does not agree at Geneva by then to substantially reduce the estimated 600 similar missiles it already has in Europe.

# ATTENTION

# HOME NEWS

# Power cuts disable Zarqa water pumping stations

ometres to the north of Amman, is suffering from a chronic shortage of water due to the periodic breakdown in the electric power supply that feeds the water pumping stations there. A report in Al Ra'i newspaper Saturday said that the. pumping station, which used to. pump over 300 cubic metres of water per hour, is now at a staruption of the water supply to almost all parts of the town occurred on May 13 lasting for several days, and reoccurred again on May 31.

On June 3 the district electricity company served notice that the electricity supply will be stopped at intervals due to repair work being performed on underground cables, and this has caused a fur-

ther stoppage in water distribution in the town, according to the

Zarqa Mayor Nufan Al Humud said that the water network is old and ineffective which makes distribution difficult. Another reason is the waste of water by Zarqa's inhabitants which further complicates the problem for the municipal authorities, Dr. Al Humud

# Tal leaves for Rabat

AMMAN (Petra) — A Jordanian delegation led by Education Minister Sa'id Al Tal left for Rabat Saturday to take part in the first general conference of the Islamic Scientific and Cultural Organisation (ISCO) which is due to start Tuesday.

During the three-day conference, the participants will hear reports by ISCO' administrative and financial committees, ISCO's future plans and topics related to the contribution of member countries. Also to be discussed is the construction of a new ISCO headquarters and the fixing of a date and venue for the second ISCO conference.

The delegates will also elect a new board of directors as well as members of the financial and administrative committees, and will scrutinise ISCO's bylaws and endorse its general budget for the

coming two years. Dr. Tal is accompanied by a three-member delegation.

# Greek team to film Petra

AMMAN (J.T.) — A visiting del- arrived in Amman Friday evening egation representing radio, tel- for a three-day visit, will also be evision and the press in Greece visited Jerash Saturday in the course of a visit to Jordan's tourist and

archaeological sites. The delegation members, who going to the Nabatean town of Petra Sunday to film scenes that will be included in a programme on Jordan's tourist and arehaeological sites.

# Y.U. to produce project designs

AMMAN (Petra) - The Yar- Ministry of Education's 16th promouk University consultancy off- ject, in accordance with an agrice will prepare studies, designs eement signed in Amman Satand tendér documents for the

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan is taking part in an annual meeting of the scientific council of the international institute of management for water affairs which is

Nimri heads

for water talks

currently being held in Tunis. The meeting will discuss several important issues connected with the organising of water pumping operations and the counteracting of the causes of water polintion. Natural Resources Authority Director Yusef Al Nimri left Amman Friday to attend the meeting.

# Klibi probes Arab role

(Continued from page I)

nly leftist West Beirut. They were apparently preparing a bomb, and a radio detonator was found in the wreckage of the Mercedes car, the spokesman added.

He said Israeli sappers dismantled two landmines in separate areas south of Beirut Friday and tracks from the sites led to Syrian positions.

Lebanon's government-run national news agency said Saturday Israeli forces have detained over

200 Lebanese and Palestinians in the last few days.

The wave of arrests continued Saturday, chiefly in the coastal towns of Tyre and Sidon, and heavy security measures were in force throughout occupied South Lebanon, it said.

The Beirut press says Israel is cracking down in the occupied areas to prevent a resurgence of guerrilla attacks around the anniversary of its invasion on Mon-

# Ghali urges Syria to resume withdrawal talks

(Continued from page 1)

embassy spokesman said he left early Saturday to attend an Organisation of African Unity (OAU) summit in Addis Ababa.

Mr. Ghali said he had given the Pope a letter from Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak on the Middle East crisis, but did not ela-

He said Syria "should start by resuming a dialogue with the Lebanese government... Europe should play the role of catalyst and Arabia.

contact between Beirut and Dam-

Mr. Ghali said he had told Mr. Colombo that the countries of the European Community should concentrate their main effort on resolving the Lebanese-Syrian cri-

He said failure to achieve a global solution to the Middle East problem could destabilise the whole region, including Saudi

intermediary so as to re-establish. The Egyptian official's stay ove-contact between Beirut and Dam-rlapped with a visit by Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, but Mr. Ghali said there was no con-

> Mr. Ghali said Egyptian-Israeli relations, effectively frozen after the Israeli invasion of Lebanon a year ago, could only return to cess. normal after Israeli troops wit-

He said Israel's acceptance of an agreement with Lebanon "has projected a good image of Israel

while Syria's refusal has ended up by projecting a bad image of the Arab World."

He described Egypt's relations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as excellent and said the PLO should play a full role in the Middle East peace pro-

. Asked whether Yasser Arafat could continue to lead the PLO after the recent revolt against his policies by some Palestinian officers, Mr. Ghali said: "We think he can and we hope so."

Sharon says cabinet agreed to expand invasion

first day of the war he "put to the cabinet the dilemma facing us. And when the question arose of whether we would go beyond the 40 km, I presented the recommendations of the prime min-

ister, the general staff and myself.
"The cabinet approved the decision that it was preferable to conduct any operations that prevented a direct clash with the Syrians and which would bring about a change in their forces in the in Beirut.

(Lebanese) Bekaa Valley," Mr. Sharon said.

The war led to fighting between Israeli and Syrian troops in east Lebanon and the Israeli forces pushed on as far as Beirut, 90 kilometres from the border.

Mr. Sharon was forced to resign as defence minister earlier this year after an inquiry, found him, indirectly responsible for the massacre or Palestinian civilians in the Sabra and Shatila refugee camps

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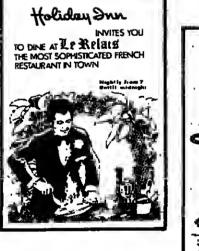
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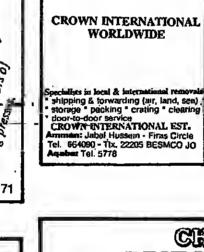


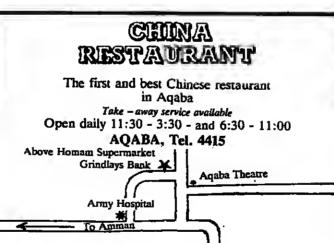
























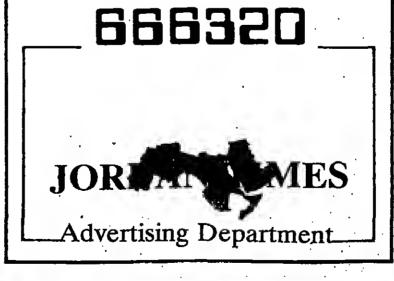
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# More licences impounded

AMMAN (Petra) - The Driver spokesman continued, had caused and Vehicle Licenting Department in Amman has imppeople in May for traffic vio-lations.

A department spokesman said that licences were to be held from between three weeks to nine months. The drivers affected, the

road deaths, due to reckless driving, driven under the effect of ounded the driving licences of 40 alcohol or committed immoral acts in the vehicles.

He said that a special committee has been given the task of handling the impounded licences and again warned motorists against careless driving.

## Abdul Jaber heads committee

GENEVA (Petra) - Labour mittee. Under-Secretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber, who is currently attending the 69th International Labour here, has been elected chairman of the conference's steering com- June 23.

The committee is in charge of compositing the resolutions submitted and is responsible for dra-Organisation (ILO) Conference, wing up the conference agenda.

# Jordan to quintuple 1983 wheat output, says Lawzi

The annual membership fee is JD

3 for individuals and JD 5 for fam-

ilies and people wishing to join

should contact Mrs. Teresa Weg-

Behind the scenes

The club is run by an executive committee chaired by Mr. Raouf

Abu Jaber. The other members

include Mr. Salim Sa'ad (vice cha-

irman) Mrs. Adrianna Hopper

(hon. secretary), Mr. Isam Jamil

(hon. treasurer) Mrs. Widad

Kawar, Mrs. Teresa Wegelius and

elius on 42467 or 37117.

Rainy winter boosts expected cereal harvest

By Afifah A. Kaloti Special to the Jordan Times

.AMMAN — Jordan hopes to import less wheat this year, thanks to the heavy rainfall during last winter, Agriculture Ministry Under-Secretary Salem Al Lawzi said Saturday.

He told a press conference at 100,000 tonnes of wheat this year the Agriculture Ministry that Jor- in contrast to the 20,000 tonnes dan is expected to produce around of 1982. However this will still fall

short of the country's need of 400,000 tonnes of wheat a year.

Jordan will produce from 45,000 to 50,000 tonnes of barley this year and about 5.000 tonnes of lentils. Dr. Lawzi also said.

He then stated that the cabinet has decided to buy locally produced cereals from farmers at prices higher than current world

As to wheat, of which there are three strains, the government will pay between JD 90 and JD 120 per tonne, according to its quality and specification, but this price only applies to the 1983 harvest. purchases of stored wheat from previous years not being permitted, Dr. Lawzi said.

Barley will be bought at JD 69 to JD 75 per tonne according to specifications, lentils will be bought at between JD 168 and JD 180 per tonne, while finally chick peas will be bought by the government for JD 162 to JD 170 per tonne. Dr. Lawzi explained.

He said that his ministry will open three centres at Irbid in the north. Jweideh in the middle of the country and Karak in the south for the purchasing of these cereal



Purchasing committees who

(Petra photo)

decide on the type and quantities of cereals that will be bought at each centre, and their members the Jordan Cooperative Organisation and General Audit Department as well as representatives of the local govemor's office. Dr. Lawzi exp-

He added that these centres will begin work on July 16, and will be subject should be referred to

open to receive the farmers' produce from six in the morning until four in the afternoon. Dr. Lawzi said that farmers wishing to self their produce should call at the will comprise representatives agricultural departments in their from the Ministry of Agriculture. regions or at the cooperative socicties for the sake of obtaining a "cetificate of origin" that would enable them to prove that the crop was produced in 1983.

Agriculture Ministry Under-Secretary Salem Al Lawzi Saturday holds a press conference at the ministry

The Ministry of Supply will supervise the purchase of cereals and all matters connected with this them. Dr. Lawzi pointed out. He said that current world wheat prices range between \$170 and \$180 nearly. JD 60 per tonne. The government is buying the crop at much higher prices in a bid to encourage the farmers to grow more and to develop their

The government is following a policy of assisting farmers with the purpose of increasing the local production of cereals, and in a bid to stop the migration of rural peoples to the cities. Dr. Lawzi said.

# The intrepid Friends of Archaeology set their sights even further afield

By Meg Abu Hamdan

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - Jawa, the beautifully preserved black basalt city of the Ith millenium B.C. which nestles at the foot of Jabal Druz, was not the most hospitable place to stay last week. Although well into May, great drops of rain splashed down, while the thunder roared and rumbled overhead until just before dawn. But crash and flash as it might it did not however deter a small group of intrepid campers who were there on one of the many outings organised by the. Friends of Archaeology every

### Holes in the ground

Trips like this to Jawa (although usually the weather is much more favourable) are the main events and indeed the real purpose of the Friends of Archaeology, which was founded back in August 1962 by Mrs. Robert Mahon and Mrs. Gordon Thomas. Each month the executive committee of the 'Friends' organise one or two trips (sometimes more in the summer months) to the famous and not so famous archaeological digs all over the country. The ones which are actually in the process of being worked on are favoured so that of the members of the digging team. usually the director himself, can't give a guided tour. The untrammelled enthusiasm of the digging team members always makes for a very informative and exciting lecture, their deep involvement enabling them to create a potent

the site's inhabitants so long ago. It is an atmosphere that is at times sorely needed as not all the sites are as romantic or as well preserved as Jerash and Petra. More often than not they are simply holes in the ground or low swelling ridges that run across the sand, features which even the most agile of imaginations would have dif-ficulty in making sense of. Almost as enthusaistic about the sites as the archaeologists, are the Friends of Archaeology themselves if the turnout so early on the Friday moroings on which a trip has been scheduled is anything to go by. Often up to 70 cars, each packed full of members, will ride in convoy to digs both near and far. With picnic lunches, an integral part of the day, and the company of like-minded friends, the whole outing becomes a very pleasurable way to spend what is often the only free day in the week. This year the 'Friends' have started hiring a bus which is providing very popular with many members without the appropriate kind of transport.

## More adventurous

Every year the 'Friends' organise more adventurous trips further afield, entailing nights away from home, Both last year and this a very successful tour was made of the many marvellous sites in Syria. In four days in March this year a party saw Palmyra, Dura Europa. Ugarit, Hama, Homs and much more, and covered a vast amount of mileage. They came back gasping.... but happy. In the coming months more trips like this are

the wonderful archaeological treasures of Iraq, Egypt and Tunisia.

Another benefit of belonging to the Friends' are the opportunities that sometimes arise enabling members to participate in a dig. This usually occurs when help is badly needed, as for example in a salvage dig (one where a site is accidentally exposed during the

construction of modero buildings and roads) when time and finances are often at a premium. The Neolithic village site at Am Ghazal was one such case, and the dig's director Dr. Gary Rollefson was very grateful to the 34 'Friends' who came in their free time to help the hastily assembled team of professionals when they started their mittee. The director of the Dep-'race-against-time' dig in January Salvage digs

ends' will be able to see some of

Salvage digs however, although perhaps not as rare as the Department of A them to be, are uent, and so for members of t Friends' who would really like to participate in a dig, the committee can often make arrangements for them to help in

Other activities of the 'Friends' include class series, and frequent. lectures (around evora month) on archaeological topics, and occasional social events such as din-

The club's membership remains fairly steadily around the 200 mark, the number fluctuating arothe expatriate members, with nat- status and permaneoce they desfeeling of the kind of life lived by planned, and hopefully the 'Fri- ionalities drawn from 12 different erve.

would like other planned excavations.

Mr. Bill Moore. The monthly newsletter is edited by Mrs. Garol Bollinger who is also on the comariment of Antiquities Dr. Adnan Hadidi, who gives the "Friends" his full support, is always asked to approve the nomination of new committee members. The 'Friends' also maintain close links

any way they can. At present the 'Friends' have no permanent headquarters, so various halls are rented for the committee meetings, lectures etc. (although ACOR provides its lecture space free of charge). However this will not be the case for much

### longer for as soon as the Department of Antiquities completes the new floor at the Registration Centre, the 'Friends' have been promised their own hall and office und a solid Jordanian core while space and thus they will gain the

# with all the archaeological missions based in Jordan, particulary the American Centre for Oriental Research (ACOR), who help in

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# t says situation explosive

(Continued from page 1)

The PLO News Agency WAFA, monitored in Nicosia, said Mr. Arafat had received a PLO and Syria, as well as Palmessage of support from Soviet estinian unity under its legitimate.

WAFA said Mr. Andropov had stressed the importance of "a strong and unified position, based on the relationship between the

leadership, headed by Chairman ian capital he would discuss the

The Algerian agency said Presideot Benjedid would leave Algiers Sunday for Damascus.

The ageocy said that in the Syr-

current situation in the Arab World and "ways of better coordinating Arab efforts with a view to achieving unity of thought and action towards questions crucial to the future of the Arab World."

# Dutch team stresses PLO role

(Continued from page 1)

As the Jordanians, "we are also of the opinion that the problems should be solved in diplomatic rather than in a violent way." Mr. Maaten said.

However, the delegates expressed understanding of "the Syrian fears' but noted that Syrian troops should withdraw from Lebanon if asked by the Lebanese government regardless of the Syrian stand on the Israeli-Lebanese

The delegation criticised the Israeli position saying that it is not conducive to peace. Israel, they pointed out, should give a clear definition of its borders and adopt a clear stand on the Palestinian issue. Mr. Maaten said that his organisation recognises Israel within its pre-1967 borders. "Israel should be aware, however, that the only secure borders are recognised borders, and that there can not be established through violent means," he said.

Mr. Maaten said that the Dutch party disagrees with the Israeli Liberal Party's position on the Palestinian issue. The Israeli Liberal Party is part of the ruling Likud coalition and supports Prime Minister Menachem Begin's policies.
Palestinians in the occupied ter-

ritories, Mr. Maateo noted, want a. just peace which guarantees the establishmeot of an independent Palestinian state. The delegation, which met with

Bassam Shaka'a, the mayor of the occupied town of Nablus, and visited Beir Zeit University, said that "the situation in the occupied ter-ritories is very difficult."

the Palestinian problem and urged U.S." a stronger European involvement with the American presidential elections ahead of us, a specific European role could be very use-

ful," the head of the delegation A European role, he added. should be based on the right of the Palestinian people to selfdetermination, including their right to statebood and strengthening cultural and economic ties with the Middle East cou-

Mr. Maaten ruled out the opt-European countries against Israel as a means of pressure. Israel, he said, "is dependent in the U.S. and tories is very difficult."

not on Europe, hence the Eurthe Arab position opean countries should work on herlands," he said.

urgency in finding a solution for influencing the position of the

He agreed that voting in favour in efforts to solve it. "Especially of resolutions against Israeli policies in the U.N. by European countries will serve as a good means of "moral" pressure on Isr-

> The delegation also called for an extension of the United Nations loterim Force In Lebanoo (UNIFIL) and emphasised the United Nations Relief and Works Agency's (UNRWA) role in helping the Palestinians "to maintain their own social, economical and social structure."

Mr. Maaten said that the delegation will submit a report of ion of imposing sanctions by the their findings to the Dutch Liberal Youth Organisation and the Dutch Liberal Party. "We hope to promote a better understanding of the Arab position in the Net-

(Continued from page 1)

U.N. General Assembly and the mandate which has been spelled out in the resolution is renewed by the assembly every year.

He added that the mandate is to investigate and to report on the human rights situation of the civilian population in the Arab territories occupied by Israel in 1967.

Asked why the committee does not hold its hearings in the occupied territories, Mr. Fonseka replied: "Needless to say that the ideal situation would be if the committee had access to the occupied territories but the Israeli government refused the committee's request which was forwarded through the U.N. secretary general to have the committee in occupied territories since its establishment."

He pointed out that the U.N. resolution, when it was first adopted by the General Assembly was not accepted by Israel.

"It questioned the whole purpose of the resolution and its legality for that matter, but the Gen-Assembly has continued to pass the resolution every year and the committee has regularly been told that it cannot have access to the occupied territories and this is the Israeli government's position

and this remains unchanged." Therefore, Mr. Fonseka said, that the committee is trying to get information from other sources

"wherever available." He pointed out that "for obv-

In reply to a question of how are the committee's reports effective against Israeli measures, Mr. Fonseka said that "it is a matter of

opinion -- it may have helped and it may have not." Mr. Fonseka added that the Israeli authorities has not been totally oblivious of what the committee has done and how the world opinion has changed inside

the U.N., as well as outside it. At its meetings Saturday and Thursday, the committee also considered a letter in had received eduled for Friday.

ious reasons we scrutinise and this week on allegations of examine the Israeli press reports heavy-handed surveillance and very carefully and we do not rely harassment by Israeli troops of the on newspapers from outside. We mayor of Nablus. Bassam go back to them from time to Shaka'a. It agreed to follow closely further developments, and in particular to monitor the possible implications for the personal security and human rights of the mayor.

> It will continue the hearing of witnesses Sunday, the last day of its current Amman meetings. It will leave on Monday for Damascus, where it will hear some 12 witnesses on Tuesday and Wed-

nesday. It will return to Geneva on Thursday with the concluding meetings of the present series sch-

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# More than a storm

BEFORE, there were many ways of looking at the "peaceful" rebellion against Yasser Arafat's lendership of Fateh, the PLO's largest group. Now, after the eruption of armed clashes near Baalbeck between the faction supporting the PLO chairman and those opposed to his style or form of leadership. there is only one description of what is going on in the Palestinian camp: a bloody and useless feud.

When they first staged their dissent, the Fateh rebels raised what many people, including some from Mr. Arafat's closest aides, thought important and valid questions. They might have rightly protested against the reinstatement of officers who performed poorly during the Israeli invasion of Lehanon. Their dedication to the Palestinian cause could have easily given them the right to question their leadership's policies and tactics to achieve a just and lasting settlement to the Palestine problem. And they might have been perfectly within their limits to think that dissent was essential for democracy, under all circumstances.

Chairman Arafat, on the other hand, might have had legitimate concerns about Libyan and Syrian involvement in the whole affair. He also might have seen good indications that the rebellion was no more than a storm in a tea cup that he could swiftly weather And, if the rebels were dissatisfied with the PLO's performance in general following the evacuation of Palestinian fighters from Beirut last summer, he might have not found it hard to explain to the rehels and others the extreme difficulty and precariousness of the situation in the Middle East

Not that we wanted to see the rebellion in Fateh in the first place, nor were we excited to witness it develop, that we looked at it from many different angles. The last thing Arabs want is a split in Palestinian ranks at this very critical stage.

But now, after the clashes in the Beka'a on Saturday, there can only he one way of looking at the rebellion: it has become dangerous and threatens the very basic unity of the Palestinian people, and therefore the problems inside Fateh must be immediately solved.

This is not a time for the PLO factions to fight among themselves. There are, instead, great challenges for all Palestinians to face, collectively and promptly. Israel, they should remember, is only next door.

# **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

# Al Ra'i: Israel's new propaganda war

THE Israeli propaganda machine is currently circulating news to the effect that the Zionist state is incapable of covering the expenses of its troops in Lehanon. The news also indicates that Israel will be searching for a source to obtain the money needed. Israel's intensified campaign in this concern seems to be a prerequisite to convincing world public opinion that it is not in a position to launch a new military offensive at the moment. The news also aims to mislead public opinion on the question of the Israeli presence on Lebanese soil, which, according to these allegations, causes a great loss to Israel and one which it cannot endure.

This scenario concurs with a diplomatic campaign being pursued by Shamir and Arens on the European scene aimed at convincing the European public that Israel has no aggressive plans, and that the Israelis fear the Syrian threat which justifies new requests for economic aid from the European Economic Community (EEC).

The Israeli effort to cover up for its coming aggression against the Arahs is plain. It is working on world opinion, through its propaganda output, to repair the damage done during Israel's harbarian invasion of Lebanon, and the ensuing massacres. The Arabs should be on their guard against Israeli intentions, as it has long been Israel's way to emphasise its alleged peaceful intentions while preparing for

# Al Dustour: Palestinians still the key

U.S. officials have announced that the Reagan administration is not contemplating any change in its Middle East policy. The statement undermines all hopes that have been raised by talk of a reevaluation of Washington's policy.

A first reading of the announcement indicates that the reevaluation process has no other objective than to find ways of convincing the protagonists in the Middle East conflict that there can be no better U.S. policy for the region than the present one. The campaign of persuasion may take different forms, but it all adds up to the imposition of America's will on those who regard U.S. peace efforts in the region as futile.

The U.S. has failed so far to play the role of a neutral mediator. Its insistence on pursuing policies that take nothing into account except the special American-Israeli relationship can never lead to a peaceful settlement. As long as the crux of the conflict, that is the Palestinian problem, is not properly solved, all efforts will continue to be meaningless. The American attempts to enter the Middle East conflict through the Egyptian door has led to nowhere, and the recent U.S.sponsored accord on Lebanon is about to die before even seeing the light of the day. To live under the illusion that removing the Syrians will generate a new life in the Lehanon accord will have no other result than further to complicate the situation in the region.

# Sawt Al Shaab: Disunity favours Israel

THE fourt and fifth of the current month mark occasions that testify to the Arab Nation's deteriorating position. Sixteen years ago the Israeli forces launched a war that led to the occupation of vast areas of Arab territory. The West Bank and Gaza Strip are still under occupation, and their annexation by Israel is imminent and will follow the way of Jerusalem and the Golan Heights.

The Israeli's harbaric invasion of Lebanon now enters its second year, and regardless of the U.S.-sponsored accord on Lebanon, the country's future is now more uncertain than at any previous time. Arab inability to protect its land and interests has led to a situation in which Israel can impose its terms on the Arabs with a worrying ease. The collective responsibility for the failure of the past 16 years to defend our rights and restore our territories has led to disasterous consequences. The Arabs now have no clear policy on war or peace. and the constantly deteriorating inter-Arah relations represent the peak of our willingness to face reality.

# VIEW FROM AMERICA

# Israel deprived of world moral support

Whatever the outcome of the intricate... and often lethal... dealing over Lebanon, one thing seems clearer and clear to this American writer sitting in San Francisco far away from the Middle East: The longterm loser is Israel.

I do not say this with any pleasure, because as a Christian of German ancestry on my motber's and Yugoslav ancestry on my father's side, I had long felt sympathy with the Jewish peo-ple and the Jewish state. My ancestors in Europe bad long done terrible things to Jews, and it culminated in a holocaust. That the establishment of the Jewish state in 1948 was a grievous injustice to the Palestinian people did not penetrate my mind. Palestinians? They seemed like shadows. And anyway many of us did believe that Palestine was harely populated until Europeans came in numbers at the end of the 19th century.

For myself as for many other Americans, I believe, a real change came with the Israeli invasion of Lebanon. It was bardly a surprise, since rumours had been flying in the region for a long time that the Israelis intended to move. What hrought about the change was realising that the Israelis were invading Lebanon with much of the same mentality as the Germans when they invaded Poland in 1939. These Israeli invaders were no longer the hrave defenders we had leamed to admire. They were tough and shrewd soldiers playing for big stakes -- a greatly expanded zone of Israeli power, control, and influence. We came to see Ariel Sbaron as the symbol and agent of this new Israeli mentality. What is striking about Sharon is the evident fact that the only thing that matters to him in the political world is power. So people, like armies and nations,

rank higher or lower on only one single vertical axis: Power. Israel's invasion of Lebanon and Sharon's gamble to move into Beirut and try to destroy the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) was a daring thrust. If it had succeeded, Sharon's message to the Americans would have been that while we Israelis may no longer be paragons of morality, we have become a small hut very powerful nation, in fact the supremely powerful nation of the Middle East. You Americans may not like us a partner any longer, but you cannot do

without us. The Israelis have lost their aura of morality which played so important a role not just with American Christians but very many American Jews. But despite their tremendous military might, the Israelis have been unable to win in Lebanon. They have not been able to repeat the German feat in subduing Poland. They wanted to be able to create a puppet government in Lebanon, tied to them as objectly as Sa'ad Haddad. They have failed. They still want to see Lebanon shredded by vicious fighting, yet despite the killing, other, powerful forces are coming to bear seeking to bring the fighting to an end. And they hoped that their once intimate ties to the U.S. would easily resume. But they have not, even though many people in the Middle East still believe that, deep down, nothing has changed the U.S.-Israel alliance.

But a lot has changed. A major change has been in the attitudes of Americans. Polls show opinion is still favourable to Israel, but, as I know from my own feelings and that of friends, the attitude has changed. Formerly we tended to see the other peoples of the Middle East as trouble-makers, but not the Israelis. Now Americans as a whole think that all of the Middle East is a source of trooble, including Israel. And polls indicate people are strongly opposed to any U.S. military involvement.

If Israel has lost its moral aura with many Americans, its failure to realise its power goals in Lebanon has impressed America's elites. In 1967. American elites were thrilled by Israeli military prowess. Now they take it for granted. They might have accepted a stunning demonstration of success for Sharon's gamble. But that gamble produced paitry results. And so Sharon has become a strongly disliked figure among U.S. elites.

Because Israelis have learned to operate on a vertical axis, they could deal with the U.S. at the top and kick Arabs around at the bottom whom they regard with diadain ("where is the Arabs' power or their morality"?). They could

not deal horizontally, even with Egypt's Sadat who went to Jerusaiem. But now the U.S.as evident in Shultz' trip even to Israel's arch-foe Syria, the U.S. bas opted for horizontal dealing with the Arah countries, and, eventually may even swaflow its pride, and deal horizontally with the PLO and the Iranians. Yet the Israelis continue to try to manipulate the U.S. from below and from the

The U.S. clearly is tied to Israel through many bands. Yet, because of its lost gamble m Lebanon, Israel now stands alone. And for the first time since 1948, it faces the future without the moral support of external powers or world opinion. And even with its nuclear capabilities, its power has ero-

The invaders of Lebanon did so to assure Israel's long-term future. Instead they have made it more problematical.

# Only time will judge Williamsburg unity

By Andrew Nibley Reuter

WILLIAMSBURG, Virginia — From all the early indications, this vear's summit of major industrial powers lived up to its advance billing as an informal meeting that the Western alliance.

Joint statements of purpose on nuclear disarmament and economic cooperation by Britain. Canada, France, Italy, Japan, West Germany and the United States highlighted the three-day

But some time must past before the summit, which cost the American government an estimated \$7 million to stage, can go down in

history as an unqualified success. At this time last year, there were very few signs that the summit in Versailles. France, was the major disaster virtually all participents now concede it was.

The closing communique del- the meeting had been marred hy., desirable. ivered at the opulent Versailles terse exchanges, hitter dehate and Palace of Louis XIV last June car- even shouting. ried some of the same noblethat marked this year's summit- not hold the same potential for ending declaration, presented in a acrimony as its predecessor. college basketball arena on the outskirts of Williamshurg, a resored colonial village.

summit. President Reagan infuriated America's allies by announcing he would try to stop them

from exporting equipment and technology that could be used to build the Soviet natural gas pipeline to Western Europe.

Reagan's pipeline sanctions were seen by the Europeans as a betrayal of trust, largely because. he had not warned the allies at the would restore a sense of unity to summit that the tough measures were coming.

In the end it took four months for the United States to sort out an acceptable way of diplomatically lifting the sanctions while still saving some measure of face,

Most foreign affairs and economic experts now agree that Reagan's attempt to stop conto the Soviet Union.

After the pipeline dispute erupted, reports began filtering out of various. Western capitals that the Versailles summit had not been as harmonious as it originally appeared to the press and the public.

On the surface, it would appear sounding promises of cooperation that the Williamshurg summit did

The world was to learn later that

The global economy has been showing signs of reawakening after its worst hout with recession But shortly after the Versailles in 59 years, and both inflation and energy prices have taken a turn for

the better. At this year's summit, the Wes-

tern leaders concurred that they should continue to pursue the kinds of policies that will keep these favourable trends going.

They also pledged to work tog-ether to avoid the protectionist trade measures that have becomed increasingly common in many industrial countries and to do what they can to improve the plight of the debt-ridden Third

But a couple of the links in the chain of agreements that became the final declaration at Williamshurg may be put to the test in the future.

Both deal with stability of excstruction of the pipeline did more hange rates, a touchy subject harm to the Western Alliance than whenever the United States and its allies get together.

The first accord requires the finance ministers of the Western world to consult with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) Managing Director, Jacques de Lorosiere, to determine if a global monetary reform conference is

The second accord would have the major industrial powers intervene in currency markets if all agreed it was a good idea.

Both of these initiatives were the pet projects of French President François Mitterrand, who has seen his country's franc devalued three times in the past two years while the U.S. dollar has soared to new heights.

Ironically, the dollar set an alltime high against the franc on

Paris markets even as the Western leaders debated whether to include the Mitterrand proposals in their final declaration.

While the Americans have committed themselves to the goals set forth in the Williamsburg statement, there is no guarantee that they will interpret them in the same way as the French and other summit countries.

Treasury Secretary Donald Reagan, the man responsible for deciding when the United States will intervene in exchange markets, has long held that the practice does little to ensure the long-term stability of a currency.

Instead, he has argued both publicly and privately that the Reason some currencies are weak at present is because their governments are not exercising the proper amount, of economic dis-

IT remains to be seen whether these differences of opinion between the French and the Americans can be smoothed over in the months ahead.

If they are, then this year's summit can be declared the success that the Americans are already claiming it is.

But if the problems cannot be resolved and dissension arises again, then Williamsburg may. come to be regarded as another Versailles and Britain, host of next year's meeting, would be left to try to bring off a truly harmonious

# Trip to summit

# U.S. blacks discover the ballot box

# By Reginald Dale

WASHINGTON -- Fifteen years after the death of the Reverend Martin Luther King, America's blacks are discovering that his words ring even more truly than they ever did in his lifetime. "The most important step that a person can take," he said, "is that short walk to the hallot hox."

In Chicago, and again later in Philadelphia, thousands of black voters took short walks in an unprecedented display of unity. As a result. Chicago now has its first hlack mayor, Mr. Harold Washington, and the voters of Philadelphia are likely to grant a similar accolade this autumn to Mr. Wilson Goode, who won the mayoral nomination in the Democratic primary.

The two contests were, on the surface, notably different. In an unpleasant campaign in Chicago, racialism - both covert and overt -- was an issue until the very end. Philadelphians, at least publicly, chose largely to ignore the racial overtones of their choice. But the two results were both products of a dramatic rise in black political power and political ambition which has now provoked a serious debate as to whether a black candidate should run for the Democratic presidential nomination next year.

# **Blacks** confident

If Mr. Goode capitalises on the traditional inbuilt Democratic majority in Philadelphia, he will ioin a growing band of hlack mayors who run more than 220 cities, including such major urban centres as Los Angeles, Atlanta, New Orleans, Detroit, Newark and Washington DC, as well as Chicago. Black state legislators have more than doubled in number. from under 170 to almost 350 in

the last ten years.

If the main electoral successes so far have been only at local level -- there are no black Senators or state Governors and only 21 black members of the House of Representatives - increasingly coufident hlack leaders see no reason why they should stop there.

The growing non-white population of the major cities is becoming more activist, not least because of what it sees as the bardline economic and civil rights policies of the Reagan administration. Near record unemployment has also caused more suffering in the poorer sections of society over the last two years. In the view of one southern black leader, President Ronald Reagan is the greatest gift to the black voter registration

drive since Martin Luther King. There are two other key factors. First, with over 5,000 blacks now holding elected offices around the nation, there is a growing supply of black officials with the experience and organisation to aim for the higher rungs of the ladder. Secondly, blacks, like women voters, are beginning to feel that the Democratic Party has for too long taken them for granted - that their support is counted on in elecuons, but that thereafter they are given only relatively lowly posts

and their concerns are forgotten. In the past, black voters have been criticised by their own leaders for being apathetic at election time. In the last presidential elections in 1980, just over 50 per cent of hlack registered voters went to the polls, compared with over 60 per cent of whites.

By last November's midterm elections, however, intensive reg-. istration drives had pushed up the black turnout by as much as 6 per cent. In February's Chicago Democtatic primary, in which Mr. Washington ousted the incumbent, Mrs. Jane Byrne, hlack

registration hit a record 75 per cent, and 69 per cent went to the

# ·Black power base

More than half the country's 28 million hlacks still live in the South, which remains thair power base, despite their growing strength in the cities. But with 11 million registered voters, black already represent 10.5 per cent of the national electorate, and there are a further 6 million blacks of voting age whom the new generation of activists want to mobilise by 1984.

The optimists believe that the number of black delegates at next year's Democratic convention in San Francisco could reach almost 800 out of a total of just under 4,000, and that black voters could even hold the margin of victory in up to 14 of 19 states that could swing the presidential election.

Statistics like these, though they remain to be tested, together with the recent strength at the polling booth, have fuelled the controversial drive for a black presidential candidate. Few believe that such a candidate could actually become president, but thereis considerable support for the idea of a "broker candidate," who might just win enough convention delegates to be able to clinch the Democratic nomination for the white candidate judged most sympathetic to the black cause.

The idea bas sharply split the black leadership. The Rev. Jesse Jackson, the Chicago activist, has already virtually declared his candidacy for the White House.

Other black leaders, such as Mayor Andrew Young of Atlanta and Mayor Coleman Young of Detroit, think that such a hid would be suicidal. It would draw support away from the liberal white candidates who bave previously had the strongest ties with the black movement, risk causing a rift between black and white Democrats and could also prove an embarrassing flop.

The debate is not over. But national politicians of both major parties are already beginning to sit up and take notice. Democratic presidential hopefuls flocked to Chicago to endorse Mr. Washington - admittedly rather late in the campaign - and Mr. Rea-gan has himself gone to considerable lengths recently to deny seemingly well-substantiated rep-orts that he has already written off the black vote in 1984, after winning only 10 per cent of it in 1980.

The major question remains of how far black voter strength will be mobilised behind black candidates simply because they are black, as Mr. Washington's opponents auggested had happened in Chicago. That could risk polarising the electorate and rally otherwise divided white maj-orities behind white candidates for the same unquestioning reasons.

Given the circumstances, it would be astonishing if this did not bappen fairly frequently - it certainly did in Chicago and probably also in Philadelphia, eveo if it remained below the surface. But one of the more significant new developments of the past two years has been that blacks are beginning to show that they can be viable candidates in white maj-Ority areas.

The lesson gradually emerging seems to be that whites are more comfortable with black leadership in areas where there is either an established black majority or only a small black population. Where there is an active and expanding hlack minority, the whites see blacks in authority as a greater threat.

- Financial Times news feature isters of Canada; Italy and Japan. Opean Community.

**LETTERS** 

An item missed?

To the Editor

As a devoted reader of the Jordan Times, I appreciate the message, which the paper has been carrying out, part of which is to disseminate local events and promote national achievements in all fields. You have been doing this richly and your endeavour does not lack variety.

However, recently the Jordan Times readers missed a lot. Others who read the Arabic language papers were lucky to read about the great achievements of the country's leading and newly-

established industrial company. Jordan Fertilizer Industry Co. Ltd., whose south-of-Aqaba complex is a turning point in Jordan's harnessing of modern technology in order to play its role as a prosperously developing

Such a topic of interest must reach all readers, Arab or non-Arab, here and everywhere as publishing it will promote and add to national pride.

Hazar Kailani University of Jordan



# boosts Thatcher's election chances

By Sidney Weiland

WILLIAMSBURG, Virginia Margaret Thatcher's quick dash to the Western summit was acknowledged as a deft diplomatic foray that could only help her m

Britain's general election.

The only woman at the sevennation williamsburg meeting, the British prime minister insisted the summit reinforced her belief that the tough policies she pursues are needed also to cure the economic ailments of other Western nations. The summit was "entirely sat-

sfactory from the British standpoint," a close Thatcher aide · Thatcher broke away from campaigning for the June 9 cle-

ction to spend 27 hours at Williamsburg. She left to return to unity." London, skipping the summit's Thatcher briefly considered not final day. U.S. and European diplomats said her performance at the fifth

annual summit she has attended was a "tour de force."

forcing through approval of a strong statement on disarmament. The consensus was the time she Democratic-Liberal opponents. widely tipped to win a landslide 'ssure."

victory. Thatcher began private talks with other leaders within an hour

of arriving on Saturday. the constant company of Reagan,

"This was worth more than money could huy in terms of election advantage," a senior U.S. diplomat said.

Thatcher regards herself as a

summit veteran, with more continuous experience than any other leader at Williamsburg.

Before leaving for the United States, she told British journalists she already felt herself taking a

because of her diplomatic knowhow. Once here, she said she was heartened by hearing that Reagan, Khol and Japanese Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone shared her optimism that an economic upswing may be in sight.

more forceful role internationally

Officials in her entourage said one of her reasons for coming was "to see the West demonstrate its

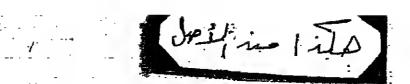
making the trip, but only briefly. She did win postponement of a European Community summit that would have come even closer to the election.

They said she played a leading From Williamsburg, she kept role in economic debates and sto- close watch on British opinion utly backed President Reagan in polls which showed her maintaining a powerful lead over her Labour Party and Social

lost vote catching by coming to "It's nice to be in that position." Williamsburg had done her no an official in her private office barm in an election in which she is said. "You don't feel under pre-

British diplomats said other summit leaders questioned her

closely about election prospects. They reported general hopes She had extensive prime time that she would stay in power. Her exposure on British television in main rival, Labour leader Michael Foot, is regarded warily by other French President Francois Mit- summit partners because of his terrand, West German Chancellor anti-nuclear policies and his plans Helmut Kohl and the Prime Min- to take Britain out of the Eur-



# Haiti adopts new method of afforestation

By Lloyd Timberlake

CARTAGENA, Colombia --The United States, in an effort to help reforest the environmentally hlighted country of Haiti, has come up with a strange programme which encourages peasants to cut down and sell trees.

Even stranger, the U.S. effort is run, not by a qualified tropical forester, but by a New England authropologist, who until last year hardly knew which end of a seedling to put into the ground.

Stranger still, under the leadership of anthropologist Dr. Gerald Murray, the 'Haiti Agroforestry Project" has succeeded where all other such projects have failed. It encouraged some 4,000 peasants to plant 1.75 million trees, with high survival rates. between April and December of 1982. Thus within less than a year, more than half of the four-year project's goal of three million trees has been met.

Before Murray, attempts by U.S., Canadian- and U.N. organisations to get peasants to plant and tend trees in the viciously eroded and virtually completely deforested country had failed.

Some Haitian districts are eroded down to bedrock over half their area. The soil has been washed off into irrigation canals and resevoirs. The Peligree Dam; the country's main hydro-electric prounimpeded over the bare hills, project, and PADF put Murray in have drowned people in the capital of Port-au-Prince itself.

The average annual income of rural Haitian peasants is less than \$50, fo few can be persuaded to spend their time growing trees for the sake of the nation". When they are paid to plant trees, they usually let their goats eat them immediately, so they will be paid to plant more.

In the late 1970s Murray, an associate professor of anthropology at the University of Massachusetts (U.S) was asked to study, using the tools of anthropology, how peasants actually make their livelihoods. None of the agencies previously devising reforestation programmes had thought of doing this.

He noticed several important things: "Haitian peasants grow and sell cash crops. They also cut down trees and sell them for firewood and charcoal. Also, most Haitian peasants own their own land, unlike in many Asian countries, where most peasants are tenants or landless labourers.

Murray saw a way of using these findings to get trees into the ground. "I made several recommendations. For the first time in my life, my recommendations were accepted. I was amazed," he told journalists at a recent U.N. meeting here on the Caribbean environment. The U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) gave the Washingtonject, is so silled up it may go out of based Pan American Devhusiness by 1986. Flash floods, elopment Foundation (PADF) caused by water sweeping uni- \$3.8 million to run a tree planting

Murray did all the usual things: He contracted a nursery to turn out seedlings and contracted varions local volunteer agencies. mostly church groups, to deliver seedlings to peasants. Then he did some unusual things.

He ruled that a peasant wishing to take part must plant at least 500 seedlings and these must be planted on his own land. With a two metre by two metre spacing (two yard by two yard), 500 trees would take up only one fifth of a hectare (half an acre). The average Haitian peasant owns 1.5 hectares (3.7 acres), so the trees need not roh the farmer of much cropiand. Also, several food harvests can be gathered from among the trees before they get big enough to block the sun

The project chose fast-growing trees which can be harvested in four or five years. More important, the nursery produced the seedlings in tiny container which channel the roots into a narrow bundle. A pickup truck can carry only 250 traditional nursery seedling bags, and a man can earry only five or six. But a pickup can ean earry 15,000 'mieroseedling," and a man can carry 500 on bis back.

Most radically, the project told the farmers that the trees were theirs, that they could cut them and sell the wood when they wanted. As 500 trees can produce about \$750 worth of charcoal in four years, the farmers had a huge

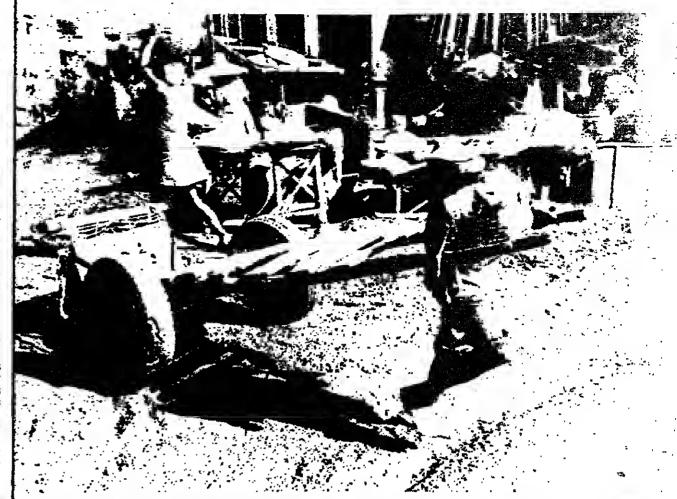
incentive to plant and care for the

Previous reforestation projects bad told the peasants that the trees belonged to the government, and could not be cut. "So the peasants feared the trees as alien vegetation whose presence on their land might eventually lead to expropristion of the land itself', said Мштау.

To test farmer motivation, the project in some places paid farmers a bonus for every surviving tree after nine months. In other areas they made no such payment. A comparison showed that payments made little difference. Survival rates were the same - a very high average of 80 per cent, higher where rains were good.

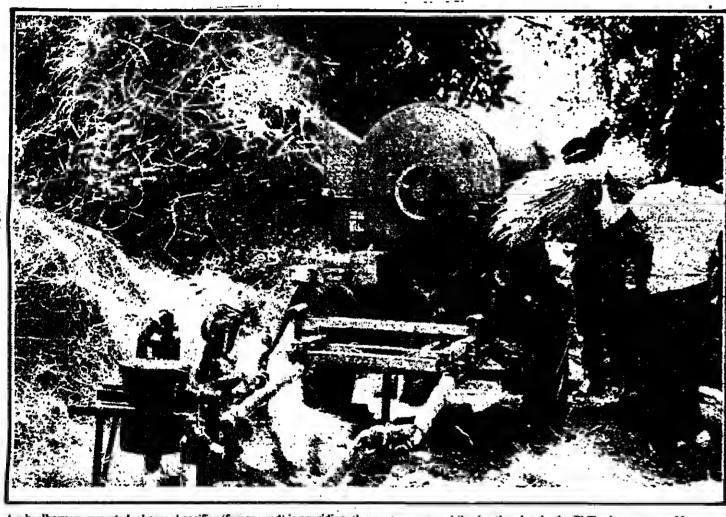
The PADF project will not reproduce forests in Haiti. But the roots will belp hind the soil, improving agriculture, reducing flooding and siltation, giving the peasants another cash crop and giving people a fuel to cook with.

"We are convinced that this approach can be used in other parts of the tropical world as well", said Murray. "Haiti has been described by many as a case study in failure. It would be a marvellous historical paradox if, in this much pitied and much maligned island nation, the strategies were developed which eventually could lead to the reforestation of many tropical regions around the



The Haitian capital, Port-au-Prince, is surrounded by steep hills, so a rainstorm often brings mud washing through the street. -- Earthscan feature Mark Edwards/ Earthscan).

# Philippines to use wood energy for development



A wheelbarrow-mnunted, charcoal gasifier (foreground) is providing the gas to run a mobile rice thresher in the Philippines countryside (Photo by Geoffrey Barnard/ Earthscan).

### By Geoffrey Barnard

MANILA — Tree farms are replacing oil wells in the Philippines. Electricity from the wood-fired power stations now under construction could cost roughly the same as from conventional oilpowered stations, and should save the country considerable foreign exchange.

At the same time, the marginal farmers who are being encouraged to grow wood as a cash crop could eventually earn five to 10 times their previous incomes from upland rice and maize.

Growing trees carralso give the slash and hurn cultivators and altemative income source, and effectively halt deforestation and help to protect the environment.

The promise, and the problems. of "green energy" (using plants talking point worldwide that the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) adopted it as one of the three major themes (with acid rain and hazardous wastates) for this year's World Environment Day, 5 June.

But most countries are only talking about the potential of wood energy. The Philippines has suceessfully pinneered the use of wood for development.

The first of 14 wood-fired staearn in the next few months. The steam to run a 3MW turbine. 70 stations planned for 1990 should generate a total of 200 meg- countries which has succeeded in

awatts (MW) and provide jobs for 70,000 tree farming families.

The fast growing, giant "ipil ipil" tree (Leucaena leucocephala), which even adds nitrogen to the soil, is the main species being used. In the moist Philippines climate this tree gives an annual wood yield of 20 tonnes per hectare (nine tonnes per acre). It can be harvested after only four years, and regrows from the stump when it is cut.

The wood-fired plant at Cape Bolingo, in Pangasinan Province on the West coast of Luzon Island, is nearing completion. Built with French assistance, it is in the centre of a 1.100 hectare (2,700 acre) tree plantation.

The plantation is divided into 100 hectare (250 acre) sections, an association. These associations get loans for planting and maintenance costs, and to tide them over the first few years. The loan is repaid when the wood is harvested and sold.

With a guaranteed wood price equivalent to \$6.5 a tonne, the farmers can earn a steady income of \$1,200 a year.

An aerial cableway, similar to a ski-lift, will transport the harvested wood to the plant, where it will be dried, chipped and fed into tions being built will come on str- a modern furnace producing

The Philippines is one of the few

... Cairo (RJ)

Baghdad (RJ)
Baghdad (BA)
Dubai, Muscat (RJ)

Banekok (RJ)

developing a big charcoal-based "gasification" programme. Used extensively in fuel-short Europe during World War II, gasifiers models now models and turn such solid fuels as wood and are running vehicle. charcoal into a comhustible gas. which can run diesel and gasoline engines or be burnt directly in boilers or kilns to provide heat.

The country's gasifier effort has the same three goals as the wood-power programme: To provide an alternative, local energy source which saves foreign exchange: to generate income for rural people; and to help to conserve the environment.

This last goal -- environmental conservation - could he the most difficult to achieve unless the development of tree plantations keeps pace with the development and each section is farmed by a of gasification. Recent satellite group of 15-20 families, who form photos show that the Philippines is only 30 per cent forested, though the government feels that 46 per cent coverage is necessary both for nomics of the environmental reasons and to keep up the flow of timber exp-OIIS.

> elopment agency, the Farm Sys- icials is the popular tems Development Corporation, grammes with keed in is coordinating the promotion of gasifiers while its subsidiary, the main advocate communication of Gasifier Equipment Man-gasifier programme. ufacturing Corporation (GEM-COR), produces and sells the gas-

Annual production at GEM-COR's factory has expanded to

set up in 1981. The turns king three shift with the demand to the pumps, small erators, farm -.... hing boats.

Bolied onto the gasifiers were to the first many European er art i World War II, but onvenient and trick when oil started to 5. the war, gasifiers disc tually overnight.

Though severeich... stried to revive the con-Philippines and Sear." nations to have me. commercially. CE: ple designs are mu easier to use histicated mode's to eloped in Europ. . .

power projects ...: king from the U.S. \_eral European . The government's rural dev- more important.

General Pedro ....

# TV & RADIO

### JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

16:30	Ког
16:50	Cartoo
17:10	Black Hor
17:50	Old Coup
18:1S	That's Incredit
19:05	Handiera
19:20	Programmes Review
20:00	News in Aral
	Local Programs
21:30	Cinema "
	Arabic Seri

FOREIGN CHANNEL

23<del>.</del>10 .

	Fienci Flograntige
19:00	News in French
19:30	News in Hebrew
	News in Arabic
	Traff
	Nanny
27.00	
22:15	The Rules of Marriage (New Ser-
i	es)
	•
	RADIO JORDAN

# 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

& parity on 9560 KHz. SW
67:00 Morning Sho
07:39 News Bulleti
16:00 News Summar
10:05 Morning Short
12:00 News Summar
12:05 Pop Sessio
13:00 News Summar
13:03 Catch the Word
14:00 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumental
14:30 Science Repor
15:90 Concert Hou
16:00 News Summar
16:03 Instrumentals. Old Favourite
17:00 Listeners' Choice
18:00 News Summary
18:05 Jazz Hom
19:00 Newsdesk
19:30 Date with a Star
20:00 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:55 News Summary
22:00 Evening Show
23:00 News Summary

**Evening Show** 

# BBC WORLD SERVICE

# 639, 720, 1413 KHz 06:90 Newsdesk 96:30 Orlando Gibbons 06:45 Financial Review 06:55 Ref-lections 07:00 World News 07:09 British

Parade 97:45 Letter from America 98:00 Newsdesk 98:30 Counterpart 99:00 World News 99:09 News about Britain 09:1S From Our Own Cor-respondent 09:30 Sarah and Company 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 People and Politics 11:45 Sports Review 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:00 World News 13:00 News About Britain 13:15 Letter 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Baker's Half Dozen 14:30 The Economic Consequences of John Maynard Keynes 15:09 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Good Books 15:39 Short Story 15:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show 16:30 In Trust For the Nation 17:00 Radio Newsteel 17:15 Concert Half 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:35 Financial Review 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:45 Spo-ncall 20:00 World News 28:09 News about Britain 28:15 Radio Newsreet 20:30 Brain of Britain 1983 21:00 Parade 21:1S Women of Genius Are Rare 22:00 World News 22:09 Commentary Hour 23:00 Love and Mr. Lewisham 23:15 The Pleasure's Yours 24:00 World News 00:09 Science in Action 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sportscall 01:00 World News 01:00 Commentary 01:15 Letter from America 01:30 Alternative Proms

### **VOICE OF AMERICA** KHz 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725

05:00 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and New Products 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 International Viewpoints 18:30 Music USA Standards 19:00 News 19:16 Critic's Choice 19:36 Special Eng-

# WHAT'S GOING ON

# **TODAY'S EVENTS**

# **EXHIBITIONS**

"Recycling," an ecology exhibit, at the Goethe Institute.

Paintings by Munther Keilani at the Alia Art Gallery.

# **CULTURAL CENTRES**

Royal Cultural Centre	Tel 6	61026
American Centre		415
British Council	3	6147
French Cultural Centre		
Goethe Institute		4199
Goethe Institute		4420
Spanish Cultural Centre		2404
Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre		3977
Haya Arts Centre		
Hussein Youth City		
Y.W.C.A		
Y.W.M.A		66423
Amman Municipal Libr	агу	361
University of Jordan Lit	пагу	8435.

# MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Ammen. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qui'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

(Fridays and official bolidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. ional Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrieand a

from most of the Muslim countrieard a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes,

# weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

# SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche

Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings-every second and fourth Wednesday at every section and sourch Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Clab, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1.30 p.m. 1:50 p.m. Rotary Chub. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m. Royal Automobile Chub. Jabal Amman.

# CHURCHES

St. Joseph Charch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Charch of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Charch (Roman Catholic) Jabel Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglean Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieb. 7133t.

75761 St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751. Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

# PRAYER TIMES

02:48	***************************************		Faj
04:28	41-2	(Survise)	Shuru
11:34			_ Dbuh
15:15	1000110100		'As
18:41		!	Maghrel
20:20	117 <b>00</b> 17700147444		Isha

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

# AMMAN AIRPORT

# ARRIVALS

09:30	Jeddah (RJ)
09:45	
10:15	Beirut (RJ)
10:35	Ohahran, Riyadh (\$V')
13:40	Kuwait (KU)
J5:20	Jeddab (SV)
15:30	Baghdad (IA)
15:58	London (RJ)
	Cairo (RJ)
16:45	Athens (RJ)
.16:55	Aqaba (RJ)
	Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)
	New York, Vienna (RJ)
17:30	
	Cairo (RI t
19:05	Cairo (EA)
19:30	Rome (RJ)
19:50	London (BA)
	Beirut (MEA)
22:00	Zurich, Arhens, Damascus (SR)
00:30	Cairo (EU)
60:30	
00:45	Baghdad (RJI
01:48	Cairo (EA)

# DEPARTURES

04:45	Cairo (RJ)
05;40	Damascus, Frankfurt (LH
67:05	
	Cairo (EA)
	Rome (Alitalia)
	Beirut (MEA)
	Lamaca, Tripoli (LI)
	Rome (RJ)
	Albens (RJ)
	Amsterdam, New York (RJ)
11:45	Rivadh, Ohahran (SV)
14:30	Kuwait (KU)
	Cairo (RJ)
	Aqaba (RJ)
16:30	Baghdad (IA)
·16:50	Jeddah (SV)
18:45	Beiru (RJ)
19:00	Kuwait (RJ)
19:05 _	Dhahran (RJ)

# .. Bahrain, Ooha (RJ)

is information is supplied by Alia inf-	20:00
nation department at the Queen Alia	20:05
ernational Airport, tel. (18) 53250.	20: IS .
ere it should always be verified.	20:50
4	21:15 .
URIVALS	21:30 .

.. Tripoli, Larnacz (LI)

. Cairo (RI)

# MONEY EXCHANGE

Kowaii (RJ)		
Beirut (RJ)		
hran, Riyadh (\$V)	Local sell'buy rate	
Kuwait (KU)	Belgian franc	71.5
Jeddab (SV)	Outch guilder 126.6'	127.4
	Egyptian guinea 331/	335.3
Baghdad (IA)	French franc 47.1/	47
London (RJ)	Iraqi dinar	
Cairo (RJ)		
Athens (RJ)	liaban lire (for 100) 23.4/	24.1
	Japanese yen (for 100) 150.9/	151.8
ek, Frankfurt (RJ)	Kuwaiti dinar 1234.7/	1240.2
York, Vienna (RJ)	Lebanese lira	85
Paris, Geneva (RJ)	Omani riyal 1042.2/	1044
	Qatari riyal99/	99.9
Cairo (RI t	Saudi riyal 104.7/	105.
Cairo (EA)		
	Swedish crown	47.8
London (BA)	Swiss franc 171.2/	172.2
Beirut (MEA)	Syrian lira	63.6
	UAE dirham 98.3	99
ns, Damascus (SR)	U.K. sterling pound 563.6/	567
Cairo (EU)		363.5
	U.S. dollar 361.5/	
Baghdad (RJI	W. German mark 141.9/	142.8
Cairo (FA)		

# WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of A drop in temperature is expected, with low clouds and northwesterly moderate

winds. In Agaba winds will be northerly rate and seas calm.

Amman	14/29
Agaba	21/35
Deserts	t 5/33
Jordan Valley	19/35
•	
Yealerday's big	h temperatures:

# Amman 31, Aqaba 36, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 25 per cent. Aqaba 21

2,000 units since the company was

visiting Third Work, and good are erts recently: "it is the above benefit ratio that iticians, it is the latter to -- d. 1 . 2 . . 11.

Asem taxt in ......

# USEFUL TELEPHONE

### **EMERGENCIES** Or. Abdul Oudu Al Lala Netrough pharmacy Khaled pharmacy ... 193, 75111 Firstaid, fire, police ..... Al Jihad pharmacy Vinceia taxi .

### ZARQA: Dr. Tareo Al Han .w . . HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre	M13X13-32
Chahdi Matemity, J. Ammai	
Akleh Matemity, J. Ammar	7,471
abal Amman Maternity	42363
Malhas. J. Amman	30140
Palestine. Shmeisani	
Shmeisan: Hospital	
University Hospital	
Oar Al-Shila, J. Hussein	
Al-Muasher Hospital	
he Islamic. Abdali	
Al-Ahli, Abdalı	
alian, Al-Muhaireen	

Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich .... 75111

Upperslawer price in fils per kg.

Traffic police ...... 5634(1-)

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

## Information Iordan and Middle East Cable of telegram

Telephone:

Jordan Telession ... Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism

GENERAL.

Apple (American) 500 450	Grape leaves
Apple ( Oouble Red) 300 / 250	Lemon
Apple (Golden) 250 · 200	Loquois
Apple (French) 500 - 450	Marrow (large)
Apple (Starken) 250 . 200	Marrow (small)
Banana 270 / 220	Mallow
Banana (Mokammar) 230 / 200	Onion (dry) !!
Beans 220 / 180	Onion (green)
Beans (broad)	Okra
Cabbage 120 80	Oranges
Carrol 160 / 1211	Peaches
Cauliflower (white)	Peas
CherriesXIVI / 600	Pears
Coconut 300 / 250	Pepper (Sweet)
Cucumber ((arge) 160 120	Pepper (Hot Green)
Cucumber (small)	Potatoes
Eggplant (large) 180 / 150	Radish
Eggplant (small)	Spmach
Fakkous 160 / 120	Tomatoes
Garlie 220 : 180	Turnip
Grapefruit	Watermelon P

T-ball: Juniors

Play-off game

Baseball: Mids

Play-off game

Baseball: Mids

Baseball: Seniors

All-star game

T-ball: Juniors

2. Chase Manhattan

7. American Express

Cairo-Amman Bank

6. International Traders

8, Jordan Express

Baseball: Mids

1. Telcom

Intercoo

Citibank

Baseball: Seniors

2. Royal Falcons

2. Ellis

1. Salute

3. Foxboro

Alfa Laval

4. Marriott

5. Grindlay's

6. Arab Wings

Intercon, Cairo-Amman Ellis 24

Telcom, International Traders, Citibank 6

Salute 13, Royal Falcons and Foxboro all-stars 7.

FINAL TEAM STANDINGS

All-star game

# SPORTS

# Lloyd becomes second woman to score fifth French Open title

PARIS (R) — American second seed Chris Evert Lloyd won her fifth French Open tennis title Saturday, beating unseeded Mima Jausovec of Yugoslavia, the 1977 champion here, 6-1, 6-2 in a one-

Under a blazing sun. Lloyd needed just 65 minutes to beat Jausovec and claim her 15th grand-slam title.

The victory kept Lloyd in the hunt for a one-million-dollar honus being offered by the International Tennis Federation (1TF) to the next player, man or woman, to hold all four grandslam titles--the Australian. French, Wimbledon and U.S .-- at

For the purposes of the prize, she now holds the Australian and French titles. Although she is the reigning U.S. Open champioo, details of the bonus were announced after she won that title in New York last September, a senior tennis official said here.

Lloyd, who picked up \$70,000 in prize money for the win, completely dominated the final.

Jausovec has never won in 14 meetiogs with the 28-year-old American, who has reached at least the semifinals of every grand-slam tournament she has entered since 1974 and has been named World Champion three times by the ITF.

Lloyd, married to British Davis Cup player John Lloyd, applied the pressure from the start, breaking Jausovec's serve in the opening game and racing to a 3-0 lead as the Yugoslav managed to wio only four points.

Jausovec broke hack to take the fourth game as Lloyd made some

uncharacteristic unforced errors, but the 1977 champion failed to hold her own serve and Lloyd wrapped up the first set in 28 min-

The second set was on very much the same pattern as the Yugoslav struggled against Lloyd's remorseless ground str-

Lloyd's win means that she has equalled the record of Australia's Margaret Court, who also collected five French Open titles between 1962 and 1973.

"At the age of 28 you appreciate your victories more because you understand better the work that goes into them. At 28 I'm working more now to prepare my game mentally and phy-sically." Lloyd said.

Lloyd said her toughest match of the tournament was in the quarter-finals against 1981 champion Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia, who took a set from

the American before going down. "Hana played some very flashy shots and after that match I played better," Lloyd said.

Lloyd weot on to an easy str-

aight sets win over third-seed Andrea Jaeger to reach the final. Jausovec, a diminutive 26year-old righthander from Mar-ibor, Yugoslavia, said: "It was very difficult to keep my mental attitude up during the whole length of the match. I've had a difficult beginning of the season. 1 think Chris played very well and I

don't think I played my best."

## Jordanian team bags 1st **Ambassadors Cup**

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordanian national tennis team Saturday defeated an American-British team in the first Annual Ambassadors Cup competition.

Each team put up six singles and three doubles teams. After the singles matches Jordan was losing badly, 4-2. But the home team, came through triumphantly in the doubles by sweeping all three to-win the event 5-4. Particularly worthy of mention is the team of uniors, Nasser Kamal and Zeyad Dajani who defeated Alister McNeil (summer coach at the RAC) and Seymour Dewitt in

The cup was presented to captain Abdalla Khalil and coach Maureen Stalla by Mr. Ahmad Khalil and American Charge d'Affaires, Ed Djerejian.

# Grand Prix team in battle of nerves

DETROIT (R) — The competition between turbocharged and conventionally-powered engines may develop into psy-chological warfare before Sunday's second Detroit Grand Prix, last year's winner, John Watson of Britain, said Friday.

Watson, who also won at Long Beach earlier this year, said passing would be difficult and the turbo cars might not want to risk

taking a planned pit stop, which they have been doing this year.

"That decision will be made on the day of the race," Watson told Reuters in an interview.

"No one is going to tip their hand before they have to. They're not going to be putting ade in the

Watson, who drives a McLaren

powered by the traditional eightcylinder Cosworth engine, said it might be unwise for the powerful turbos to make deliberate pit

stops to change tyres and add fuel. "Overtaking on this course is very hard and they may not want to chance trying to go through the entire field," said Watson, who won here last year after starting in 17th position on the grid.

Watsoo said if the turbos qualifted up front, as expected, at least some of them might be set up with enough fuel and appropriate tyres to go the entire 250 kilometres. 'They'll just try to stay out in froot during the whole race," he

The veteran of 143 Formula One races said that the turbo teams, especially Recault, Ferrari and Brabham, could set up one car to go the whole distance and pre-

pare the other to make a pit stop. There are two major advantages to stopping for turbo cars, which are hard on tyres and fuel.

With less fuel they start lighter, which makes them faster and is easier on the tyres. The tyres are made of softer rubber compounds, allowing faster speeds even though they wear out quickly and need to be changed.

Eddie Cheever, an American who drives for Renault, confirmed that his team was weighing the possibility of trying to go all the way without a pit stop.

"We will decide oo Saturday evening." Cheever told Reuters. We will look at our (qualifying) times and our tyres and decide

Cheever, whose Renault teammate, Alain Prost of France, is leading the championship points standings, said he would prefer not to make a pit stop.

You're taking more of a chance," be said as he stood in the still unfinished pits ocar the start of the race course, which was still being laid out on the city streets.

# **ANNOUNCEMENT**

The Banque Nationale de Paris (BNP), representative office in Amman, announces that the office's new telephone numbers are as follows:

24461, 41932.

# Arabic and English

typing essential. Candidates to report at 1000 hrs. to embassy, 1st Circle, Jabal Amman on 6-6-83, Tel: 37262

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gramme. Tickets: Family Concert — JD 2 — Adults JD 1 — Students/children Evening Concert JD 3 — Adults
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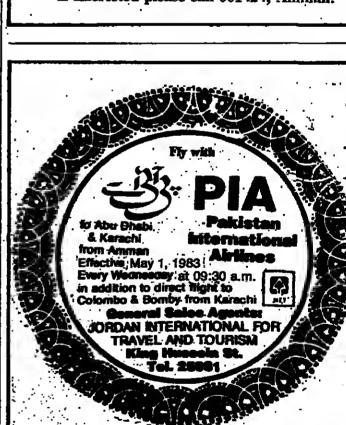
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## THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION WADI SEER VILLAGES WATER SUPPLY **PROJECT TENDER No. 10/83**

The Water Supply Corporation invites tenders for the construction of the Wadi Seer villages water supply project. Contracting firms registered by Ministry of Public Works as class I.II.III contractors for water and sewerage projects and the experienced contractors who have previously worked with Water Supply Corporation on water supply projects, in addition to foreign contractors can obtain the tender documents from the Procurement and Tendering Section of Water Supply Corporation; Jabal Amman 3rd Circle, Amman Jordan tel: 44215-44216 P.O. Box (5012) Amman on payment of JD 50 (non-refundable).

Last date for submission of the tender document is Monday July 4, 1983 before 10 noon.

Yasin El-Kayed **Director General** 

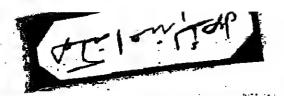
## THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION MRAIGHA WATER SUPPLY PROJECT (RAS EN-NAOB) TENDER No. 11/83

The Water Supply Corporation invites tenders for the construction of Mraigha water supply project. Contracting firms registered by the Ministry of Public Works as class I.II.III contractors for water and sewerage projects and experienced contractors who have previously worked with Water Supply Corporation on water supply projects, in addition to foreign contractors can obtain the tender documents from the Procurement and Tendering Section of Water Supply Corporation: Jabal Amman 3rd Circle Amman, Jordan tel: 44215-44216 P.O. Box (5012) Amman on payment of JD 50 (non-refundable).

Last date for submitting of the tender document is Monday July 4, 1983 before 10 noon."

> Yasin El-Kayed Director General





# Norway lowers bank rate OSLO (R) — The Norwegian government Friday announced a cut of

one percentage point in the country's bank rate to stimulate investment in business and construction.

The rate, which rose from seven per cent to nine in 1979, will be brought back down to eight per cent next Monday, a government statement said Friday.

Since World War II there has been general understanding between the government and private banks that the bank rate should work as a base interest rate to which other rates should be adjusted. The bank rate thus determines the cost of borrowing money in Norway.

Most political parties have welcomed the cut as a step in the right direction, although the opposition Labour Party's financial spokesman, Mr. Gunnar Berge, called on the government to lower interest rates for state bank loans as well.

Such a step would have a stimulating effect, be said, strengthening industry in general and checking its costs. Labour, he added, would continue to demand a general one per cent reduction of all interest

# Romanian merchant ships refuse to pay straits fees

ANKARA (R) - Romantan merchant ships have refused to pay transit fees in the Bosphorus and Dardanelles straits for over three weeks, running up a debt of around \$100,000, it was learned Friday. Confirming a newspaper report, a spokesman for shipping agents acting for the Romanian state shipping company told Reuters that an

order to stop paying bad been received on May 10. He said no reason had been given in the order. An average of four Rnmanian ships use the straits each day, he added.

In March, Turkey ended a four month dispute over the charges for sanitary, lighting and life-saving services by cutting the fees by 80 per

Soviet, Bulgarian and Romanian ships who had been refusing to

meet the fees then resumed payment. Shipping sources in Istanbul said Friday Soviet ships were still

paying normally. They did not know why the Romanians had stopped The row earlier arose over a tenfold increase in the fees imposed by

Turkey late last year. They were later reduced.

# **Oman Housing Bank gets** multi-currency loan

BAHRAIN (R) - The Oman Housing Bank will sign on Wednesday a multi-eurrency loan for the equivalent of \$43.5 million, joint lead manager Arab Bank Ltd said Saturday.

The government-guaranteed loan will be in three transhes, and for seven years with a three-year grace period, it said,

The first tranche is for five million Omani riyals (\$14.5 million) at interest of 1.5 per cent over the Central Bank of Oman's maximum published rate for customer deposits.

The second tranehe is for \$14.5 million and the third for the equivalent of \$14.5 million in Swiss francs, both at an interest rate of 3/4 percentage point over the Bahrain interbank offered rate for

There is also an option to convert the first and third transhes into dollars in the event of non-availability of riyals or Swiss francs, Arab

Bank said.
The Housing Bank, jointly owned by the Omani government with about 61 per cent and the government of Kuwait with 39 per cent, was set up in 1977 to specialise in housing finance.

. The Sultanate is on Wednesday due to sign another agreement for a \$300 million, seven year loan from a group of 42 banks. The loan, to finance development projects, will carry interest at a

margin of 1/2 point over London interbank offered rate for the first

two years, rising to % point for the final five years.

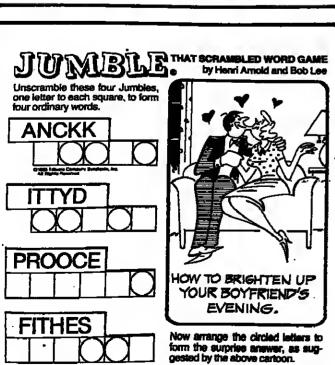
# Lagos may cut oil output

LAGOS (R) - Nigeria may have to trim its oil output this month to stay within its OPEC quota, but it has no intention of cutting its prices, official sources said Friday.

The sources said that May production was probably around 1.6 million barrels per day (b/d). In April it everaged I.17 million b/d.
That meant production would have to drop in June to stay within the 1.335 million b/d quota set for Nigeria by OPEC.



"Your car is in bad shape. As a last resort, I'm filling the radiator with chicken soup."



Jumbles: GUEST AROMA DELUGE GUNNER

## Answer: What some backseat drivers never seem to do-RUN OUT OF GAS

# Dollar likely to stay strong

LONDON (R) — The resurgent dollar is likely to stay strong for some time, creating a headache for many countries, although it could fall back later in the year. according to foreign exchange dealers and analysis.

The experts, polled by Reuters in major world trading centres, said that larger-than-expected growth in the U.S. money supply and the inconclusive outcome of the Williamsburg summit had led to expectations that U.S. interest rates would stay high, making the dollar even more attractive.

On Thursday the dollar bin a record high against the French frane for the sixth consecutive day of trading and was at its highest levet for over six months against

the West German mark. The dollar's continued strength is thought almost certain to reopen the question of U.S. exchange rate policy.

Barely a week ago, the summit of seven major Western nations agreed to intervene on exchange markets when it was considered that it would be "helpful".

But at the time U.S. officials

said the language of the summit declaration was so qualified it had little meaning. "With the jump of the dollar this week European governments are increasingly melined already to write off the agreement reached at Williamsburg," one European dealer said.

Riyadh,

Bonn

discuss

boosting

Ali Abal Khail said.

d here Saturday.

Saudi side at a two-day regular

meeting of the two countries' joint

economie commission which ope-

The West German side is headed by Economics Minister Otto

Lambsdorff, who arrived here

Saudi Arabia's imports from

West Germany were 8.5 billion

marks (about \$3.3 billion) last

year and it is now the second lar-

gest non-European market for

the kingdom.

Friday night.

cooperation

In the past France, supported by Italy, bas sharply criticised high too much investment money to the U.S. and slows economic recovery

Dealers say the dollar, a traditional haven in times of international crisis, has also been boosted by an apparent hardening of military tensions between the U.S. and the Soviet Union and renewed crisis in the Middle East.

They add that the strength of the U.S. stock market in the face of high domestic interest rates has also attracted investment demand for the dollar.

Many economists have blamed the high dollar for aggravating the problems of Third World countries in repaying foreign debts with more expensive dollars and in paying for imports, for which exporters demand dollars.

However dealers say the latest money supply figures show the U.S. has little room for interest

Some believe the Federal Reserve Board, (Fed), America's central bank, may soon be forced to tigten credit, thereby pushing rates even higher, in order to stop inflation taking off again.

Since January the narrowest measurement of money supply (M-1), based on current bank account levels and the number of bank notes in circulation, has been growing faster than planned.

Economists generally accept that higher interest rates would interest rates, which it says attracts hamper recovery in both the U.S. and the world economy by choking off much-needed funds to industry.

Some dealers argue that a desire to keep the present fragile recovery going and avoid further criticism from abroad will stop the Fed increasing rates, but all agree there is now little scope for cuts.

In Frankfurt Friday the chairman of Citibank's economic committee, Mr. Leif Olsen, supported this view. He said he expected there would be little opportunity to cut interest rates in the near future.

Frankfurt dealers predict that the dollar will soon go through the 2.60 mark psychnlogical barrier and say there is no reason for it to

The dollar last tested the 2.60 barrier last November after the death of Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev, but soon drooped back

The attitude of the Bundesbank, Germany's central bank, to foreign currency intervention will have an important effect on the

dollar's direction, analysts said. The central bank had already made it elear that it was not prepared to mount an all-out campaign against a high dollar and was unlikely to intervene to dn anything other than correct large flu-

ctuations, one analyst told Reu-

Economists at major Swiss banks also believe the dollar will stay firm in the short term, around 2.05 and 2.15 Swiss francs, but they do expect a cut in U.S. interest rates towards the end of the

In Paris one foreign exchange dealer said the dollar, which went past 7.50 francs for the first time last week, could reach eight francs, exactly double its value three years ago. The conunued rise of the dollar

against the French frane has exhausted half an emergency European community loan of 28 billion francs (\$3.7 billion) granted tast month and France dnes nni have sufficient foreign currency reserves to allow a sustained support operation.

Against the ttalian lire the U.S. currency has already advanced from t.270 in February to t.508 and bankers in Milan and Rome feel it could reach 1,700 lire. But they expect it to fall back again

after elections there on June 26. Japanese economists say the yen should be higher than it presently is against the dollar because of a growing Japanese current account surplus this year put at \$20 billion, compared with \$9.18 billion last year.

They expect the ven to begin to strengthen towards the end of the

# China, USSR to open border posts for trade

KASHGAR, China (R) - China set up on the two countries' norand the Soviet Union have agreed to open two crossing posts on their long central Asian border to make RIYADH (R) - Saudi Arabia trade exchanges easier after a and West Germany Saturday disbreak of more than two decades, cussed ways of boosting economic cooperation and the transfer of according to a senior official in German technology to the kin-Kashgar. The crossings, at Turugart near gdom, Saudi Finance and National

Kashgar in southern Xinjiang and Economy Minister Mohammad at Yining 700 kilometres further He told the official Saudi-Press north, will handle state-to-state Agency Saudi Arabia would seek West German expertise in the running of three new hospitals in and not local trade, deputy comforeign 'reporters 'earlier this week. Sheikh Mohammad heads the

He said the agreement provided for cross-border exchanges to begin on July I.

A similar crossing point is being

thern frontier, in Heilongjiang province, which Chinese officials say will handle only local trade. Soviet sources in Peking said

overall Sino-Soviet trade is set to

rise by some 170 per cent this year to about \$800 million. News of the stepper hanges is a further sign of the limited thaw in relations between the two communist giants, frozen

more than 20 years ago after amissioner Mr. Eisa Shakir told birter ideological dispute.

foreign freporters earlier this Vice-foreign ministers from the two sides began talks late last year on ways of normalising relations,

> with little sign yet of having found common ground. China objects to several million

Soviet troops along its border, to the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, and to Kremlin support for Vietnamese action in Kampuehea.

It says these obstacles must be removed before tension can be defused. The Chinese have nevenheless allowed a controlled thaw in sporting, cultural and now trade exchanges.

Deputy Commissioner Shakir, speaking to visiting reporters last Monday, said: "We used to have trade (between Xinjiang and Soviet Kirghizia just 120 kilometres away, but it stopped when the polemics began between the two couniries.

### olcker calls for effective management NEW YORK (R) - Federal Reswould reflect back on the capacity

erve Board Chairman Paul Volcker said Friday that the financial stability of the United States itself was dependent on the effective management of the crisis in intemational debts.

German products after the United Speaking et New York university's graduation ceremony. West Germany's imports of Saudi oil dropped by 28 per cent in 1982 to \$4.2 billion from \$59 the U.S. central banker said: "the effort to manage the international debt problem goes beyond vague and generalised concerns about billion in 1981, but still accounted for 23 per cent energy needs. political and economie stability of

borrowing countries. "The effort encompasses also the protection of our own financial stability and the markets for what

we prinduce best." Mr. Volcker noted that the creditors of Mexico, Brazil, Argentina, Venezuela and other countries were the commercial banks of industrialised countries, esp-

ecially the United States. "Left untended, we could all too easily visualise a crisis that

and willingness of those same banks to finance our own expansion," he said.

The United States is also threatened by a loss of exports because countries with debt problems cannot afford to import, he said.

Mr. Vnlcker said effnrts in manage deht problems go heyond the capacity of international institutions, governments and central

16 Bent

drink

19 Smalt

# **Peanuts**









# Mutt 'n' Jeff







# **Andy Capp**









FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JUNE 5, 1983.

# YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A beautiful day for meditation and atudying a philosophy of life under which to operate in the days shead. Take time to make plans that could give you more abundance.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Talk over with loved one

bow to have better relations and more happiness in the future. Exercise your good judgment. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You have to be more sen-

sible where practical plans are concerned to gain your most cherished aims. Be logical. GEMINI |May 21 to June 21) Plan what to do for those

who have done you favors and show your appreciation. Plan time for personal pleasure. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Engage in a

new kind of recreation that will bring you more pleasure today. Strive for increased happiness. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Contact friends and discusa important plans you have in mind. Be more precise in

handling your personal affairs. VIRGO |Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A new approach at new ideas will make them work more auccessfully for you.

Allow time for recreational activities. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make those changes in your environment that will be helpful to your welfare.

Take no risks with your reputation. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Good day to analyze what you most want to schieve in the future and make

plans to carry through successfully. SAGITTARIUS | Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study every facet

of your life and then gain advice from advisera you trust. Express happinesa with closest tie. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Attend to regular

rontines early in the day so you'll have more time for recreation later. Be more cheerful. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Taking part in public affairs can prove most satisfying and interesting today.

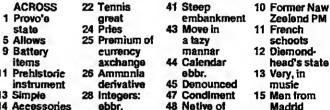
Make this e worthwhile day. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Your hunches are occurate now, so be sure to follow them. Allow time to engage in

favorite hobby with congenials. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or ahe will have an uncanny kneck for coming up with the truth in eny given situation but could be harsh in judgment unless taught early in life to have more compassion for others.

Politica would be a good field here. "The Stara impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

10!

# THE Daily Crossword by Kathryn Righter



29 Source of for tour-Susiena 20 Military 50 Scattered 52 Holding 23 Prepares wealth 30 Part of forward devices 17 Intimidate RSVP 53 Milltary 25 Spring 18 Small 32 Greasy 34 Alphabetic 27 Actor Ron 54 Suiting

37 Spats 40 Cuckoos 57 Give tampo rary use of Yesterday'e Puzzle Solved: DOWN

Simpla

Durothy's #mmedietely fallowing 6 — Gantry 7 Grandstand

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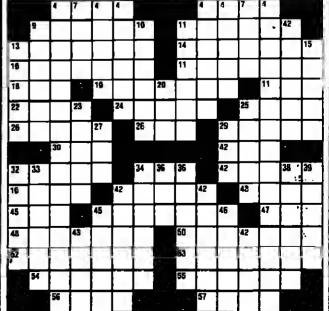
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tn make eraekly 38 Armadas 39 Sole ot a

41 Hunting

35 Legal

29 Grain



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# WORLD

# can confirm sub reports

OSLO (R) - U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger said Saturday he had information confirming that Soviet submarines had entered Norwegian and Swe-

People who know best are sure that it was the case. "and information I have fully confirms what they have said." he told a press conference here.

Mr. Weinberger said Moscow have several motives for sending its submarines into Scandinavian waters -- to gather information. as a form of intimidation, or to demonstrate that the Soviet Union did not respect the sovereignty of other nations.

ernment replaced two senior pol-

ice chiefs Friday night after dem-

onstrations in Paris by 2.500 rig-

htist policemen angered by the

ults at Interior Minister Gaston

Defferre and Security Minister

Joseph Franceschi, demanding the

resignation of Mr. Deferre and

Justice Minister Robert Badinter.

used by some police of not being

tough enough with criminals. ord-

ered an immediate inquiry into the

It announced the dismissal of

Paul Cousseran, director-general

of the national police, and said it

had accepted the resignation of

warned that police officers who

questioned the authority of the

state would be punished.

Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy

Paris police chief Jean Perier.

demonstration.

The socialist government, acc-

The demonstrators yelled ins-

murder of two comrades.

Paris cracks down

PARIS (R) - The French gov- on Tuesday in Paris.

on right-wing police

# Weinberger | Germans look for motive behind Czech's rampage

FRANKFURT. West Germany (R) — Investigators said Saturday they hoped a critically-wounded teacher could help them establish what drove a gunman to go ber-serk in a village school, killing three children and two adults. During 30 minutes of shooting

Friday, described by police as a bloodbath. Czechoslovak psychology graduate Karel Charva. 34. fired about 40 bullets inside the school at Eppstein near here before killing himself with a shot through the mouth.

Two girls and a boy aged 12 or 13, a policeman and a teacher were killed. Thirteen children and one teacher were seriously wou-

But they also accused the gov-

ernment of political cowardice in

its attitude to law and order and

called for a joint meeting with Mr.

Deferre to discuss their gri-

Justice Minister Badinter has

son reforms liberalising the tre-

Some police still resent the gov-

istrates of being actively anti-

who is still in critical condition.

atment of young offenders.

A police spokesman said that

investigators hoped as soon as possible to question German and English teacher Franz-Adolf Gelhaar, 46, who appeared to have been Charva's initial target.

Charva, who was granted asy-lum in West Germany in 1971, asked for Mr. Gelhaar on arrival at the school. He was directed to classroom 213 and immediately shot the teacher in the stomach in front of the elass. Mr. Gelhaar is critically ill in hospital.

nded and 57 other children were and investigators could have to treated for shock. about the shootings.

> Charva, who was single and lived alone in a suburb of Fra-nkfurt, was described by neighbours as "quiet and always polite" and as a "man who kept him-self to himself".

The neighbours told journalists he had lived since spring 1980 in the suburb and rarely received visits. Police said he had been working recently as a taxi driver.

They said Charva seemed to But the police spokesman said Mr. Gelhar might not be strong enough to talk to police Saturday gave no clue to a motive. have no obvious connection with

# Sheikha awarded \$81m

born sheikha Dena Al-Fassi, awarded what could be a record SNI-million legal separation from her Saudi Arabian husband, declared as she wiped away tears: not seen them for eight months. The money means nothing to

"All I want is my children back." the 24-year-old sheikha told reporters as she hugged friends and her lawyers in a tearful courtroom scene Friday night.

In assessing communal pro-perty. Los Angeles Superior been the target of much police criticism as a result of court and pri-Court Judge Robert Fainer had added up a glittering list of goods said to be in the possession of She-ikh Mohammad Al-Fassi, 28, a emment's abolition of the death penalty and accuse left-wing magbillionaire businessman.

As the courtroom sat in silence. ne quietly read out items and set Defeoce Minister Charles values, "Jewellery -- 70 million: Two Boeing 707 airliners, \$12 million and \$2 million: A yacht, Hernu announced new restrictions on the sales of rifles and pump-actioo shotguns following \$15 million: 10 acres (four hecthe killings and the shooting on tares) in Saudi Arabia, \$6 million: Thursday of another policeman. A house outside London, \$1 mil-

Police unions have also voiced resentment at the use made of polreached \$163,069,000 to be divided by the couple under Cal-But two things marred the set-

The list went on until its value

LOS ANGELES (R) - Belgian- husband has taken their two sons and two daughters, aged between three and five -- two were adopted -- to Saudi Arabia from the

United States, and she said she has

One of her lawyers, divorce expert Marvin Mitchelson, admitted his firm will have a difficult time collecting money on much of the communal property in the sheikh's possession.

"We have a long journey to go." he told reporters, adding he had never heard of a bigger settlement in a legal separation case in a U.S.

The sheikh, who married his wife - the first of three he has taken - eight years ago, was dec-lared in default by Judge Rainer earlier this week for failing to give evidence and did not appear at the This meant the sheikh could not

oppose evidence by his wife before Judge Fainer granted her the legal separation.

The petite sheikha, who wore a frilly blouse under a padded black jacket and a flowing white skirt, told the court she estimated communal property was worth \$1 billion when she separated from her tlement for sheikha Dena. Her husband in January 1982.

# Paris not to be venue for confab on Palestine

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) - The International Committee on the question of Palestine has decided not to push the issue of holding its major conference in Paris in August. The decision, taken Thursday, came after months of negotiations with the Freoch government, which rep-ortedly is reluctant to have the meeting in France even though it would be at UNESCO headouarters.

The French have told the conference organisers that they fea-red the meeting would ignite anti-semitic incidents and draw terrorists from all over the Middle East. A group of French Jews also threatened to summon pickets from all over Europe to demonstrate against the confereoce.

Referring to the terrorist bomb attack on a kosher restaurant in the Jewish quarter of Paris last year, French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson told the national assembly last month that the U.N. conference would be beld "at a particularly unhappy period for the French because it marks the anniversary of racist events, of anti-semitic attacks that we deplore and deplore again".

U.N. officials said, nevertheless, that the French government did not officially inform the secretary-general that it did not want the conference in Paris.

Geneva and Vienna, both cities vith large U.N. facilities, have been mentioned. However, the Swiss have said they fear they could not guarantee the safety of the 1,000 delegates expected to attend, and the Austrians say Vienna lacks a suitable vacant meeting space.

Some delegates doubt that the conference will be held at all this year. The conference was set for Aug. 16 to 27 at UNESCO headquarters in Paris by a vote of the General Assembly last year. At the time of the vote, France abs-

The United States voted against the resolution and has continued to maintain its objections to the conference. The Uoited States feels, U.S. officials say, that the conference "will only degenerate into a propaganda exercise and will oot add anything to the negotiations currently noderway to solve the problem".

# U.S. praises Egyptian role

WASHINGTON (Ageocies) -Egypt and the United States now share a "special relationship," Nicholas Veliotes, assistant secretary of state for the Near East and South-Asia was quoted as saying at the opening session of the Egypt-U.S. business council meeting Friday.

According to Mr. Veliotes, the relationship's unique nature, is upon "shared goals and concerns" about peace and stability in the Middle East.

Referring to the search for peace as the "bedrock" of Egyptian and U.S. ties, Mr. Veliotes praised Egyptian Preisdent Hosnit Mubarak and his public statemeots calling for the withdrawal of Syrian troops from Lebanon.

A letter from Presideot Reagan was read to the auidence of Egyptian and American businessmen who were meeting under the spoasorship of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.

The letter praised Egypt's role "in building stability on the Mid-dle East" and for the "Wise Connsel" it has given in providing insight in to regional problems. The letter lauded Egypt for the support it has given to President Reagan's Sept. 1 peace initiative, and called Egypt the "leader" in supporting a comprehensive peace

# Tamil rebels kill politician

fighting for a separate Tamil state in Sri Lanka shot dead a politician of the ruling United National Party (UNP) in the northern town of Jaffna, police said.

chief supervisor in Jaffna state hospital, was gunned down while reading a newspaper before starting work.

The shooting took place only bours after the government announced it was giving new emergency powers to security forces to deal with the guerrilla violence.

airmen, as well as several pol-

# Gandhi's party expected to do well in Kashmir

SRINAGAR, Kasbmir (R) — Assembly elections in Jammu and Kashmir Sunday are likely to und-erline the divide between the mainly Muslim north and Hindu south of the disputed mountain ter-.

ritory. The sensitive frontier state bordering Pakistan and China votes for a 76-seat local assembly after a campaign marred by clashes between supporters of the two main Fighting flared Saturday in the

Kashmir capital of Srinagar as Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi was addressing an election mee-ting on the final day of cam-paigning, and local residents said at least 60 people were injured.

Police used tear-gas and batons to disperse gangs of rival political

supporters who hurled bricks and stones in running battles through parts of the rain-drenched capital for around four hours.

Eyewitnesses said bands of youths from Mrs. Gandhi's Congress
(I) Party battled flag-waving members of the locally-ruling national Conference Party.

Earlier violence in the election campaign has cost at least three lives and around 1,500 people have been reported injured.

LONDON (R) - Britain's eco-

logists, spurred by the success of

the West GermanGreens, are fie-

lding more than 100 candidates in

next week's general election in a

drive to win acceptance as a ser-

The tiny ecology party, founded 10 years ago, admits that under Britain's first-past-the-post sys-

tem it has no hope of getting even one member in the 650-seat Par-

But the party hopes to make its

mark by winning five per cent of

the vote in the 108 seats it is con-

testing. This would match the ach-

ievement of the German greens

who in March won 5.6 per cent of

the vote and 27 seats in the Bonn

adical platform which rang

pons to legalising cannabis.

from abandoning nuclear wea-

Green parties are now est-

ious political force.

parliament.

Mrs. Gandhi, an apparently tircless campaigner, threw her full weight into the Congress drive against the Conference Party. Pakistan and India have fought

two wars over the territory and political analysts agree Sunday's voting will probably highlight differeocea between the predominantly Muslim population of the Kashmir Valley and the lowlying Jammu region, which has a

big Hindu population.

The last elections were held in 1977 when the Conference led by Sbeikh Mohammad Abdullah, the old "lion of Kashmir" who dominated the politics of the state for balf a century before his death last September, took 47 seats overall.

The Congress Party took only 11 seats last time but is now tipped to make a much bigger dent in the Conference support from the 31 million electorate. The Conference is led by Sheikh

Abdullah's son, Farouq Abdullah, who took over from his father as chief minister. The north-south divide has alr-

eady led to demands by some politicians in Jammu City, the winter capital, for a division of the state. Pakistan coopols one third of Kashmir.

resentatives in the European

West German, Belgian, Dutch,

In Britain the ecologists have

Italian and Finnish parliaments.

been on the very fringe of politics.

Anti-nuclear campaigners have

poured their energies not into the

ecology party but into the opp-

osition Labour Party or the fast-

growing Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament (CND).

But there are signs that the ele-

ctorate is taking more notice of the

British ecologists. A poll by Mar-

ket and Opinion Research Int-

emational (MORI) taken this

week said one in eight voters

would seriously consider voting

Party co-chairman Jonathon

unemployment as the diggest issue

in the election campaign. The

party advocates a national income

scheme which would guarantee a

for the ecology party.

# Indo-Pak talks end satisfactorily

ISLAMABAD (R) — The foreign ministers of Pakistan and India

## Dowry demand causes 3 deaths

PEKING (R) — The fiance of a girl whose father demanded a large dowry killed himself, his girlfriend and her grandmother by blowing up her family home, a Canton newspaper reported. The Yangcheng Evening News said Shen Xiangfu held his girlfriend Deng Juhua close to him as he set light to explosives. They were her grandmother, and her sister was seriously injured. The paper said Deng's father, a peasant on a commune northeast of Canton, wanted a dowry of 5,000 yuan (\$ 2,500) and was furious that his daughter contioued her relationship with Shen when he could not afford such a large sum.

## U.S. bans artificial hair implants

WASHINGTON (R) - The age-old search for a remedy for baldness suffered a setback when a U.S. federal agency banned the sale of artificial hair fibres for scalp implants. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) said that contrary to advertising claims, the costly and often painful technique of implanting thousands of synthetic fibres into the scalp was not effective either in simulating natural hair or hiding baldness. The agency said it had received more than 300 consumer complaints about the artificial hair implants. These included cases of infection, facial swelling, severe pain, scarring and permanent loss of remaining real hair.

# Man sent to jail

behind bars Saturday for whistling in a court where he was charged with whistling to the annovance of neighbours. Parry, a 63-year-old bachelor, had been bound over on Wednesday to keep the peace in the block of flats where his whistling was described as akin to the sound of a high-pitched kettle. But he failed to obey the court order and kept whistling when he was brought back before magistrates Friday. Sentence: 14 days in jail for contempt of court. Why can't Parry stop whistling? "I have always loved whistling and I don't. even know when I'm doing it," he told reporters after he had been bound over.

LIMA (R) — The Peruvian government has appointed a specialist in anti-guerrilla warfare to head the country's paramilitary civil. guard. Gen. Juan Balaguer Motales replaced Gen. Rodolfo Graham Morales (no relation), who resigned Friday for undisclosed

### Spokesmen for socialist police ice to suppress recent student unions condemned the demdemonstratioos against university onstration which followed funeral reforms which degenerated into ceremonies for the two men killed Cigarette may have been

cause of fatal DC-9 fire

CINCINNATI. Ohio (R) - A burning cigarette may have staried the in-flight blaze which killed 23 passengers in an Air Canda jetliner before the pilot made a dramatic emergency landing, a U.S. government investigator

The airline itself virtually ruled out arsoo and the U.S. National Traosportation Safety Board (NTSB) said preliminary findings indicated the cause of Thursday's DC-9 fire was accidental.

NTSB member, told reporters Friday night a cigarette tossed into a toilet waste bin may have been to blame but it was too soon to say for certain.

Pilot Don Cameroo brought the blazing jet down from 9,000 io 12 minutes to make the emergency landing at greater Cincinnati airport. He and co-pilot Claude Quimet - the latter with clothes on fire -- were among 23 survivors. Both the airline and the NTSB

said it may be some time before Vice-Adm. Donald Engen, an any findiogs are released.

# GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

€:1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

North-South vulnerable.

East deals.

NORTH

A FINESSE ISN'T ALWAYS A GUESS

**4QJ9** ♥KJ2 ♦ J 1074 **+**754 WEST **EAST** + 83 ♥ A743 C 01026 Q963 ♦ 852 4KQJ2 4986 SOUTH + A 106542 ♥ 95 OAK ♣ A 103 · The bidding bas proceeded: East South West North Pass 1 + Pass 2 + Pass 4 + Pass Pass

Opening lead: Nine of .

The time for gift-giving is nigh, and we always have a problem about what to give to our bridge-playing frieods. A combined cook and bridge book is an idea, and it just so happens that one has arrived at our desk-"Cook and Deal," by D.J. Cook (Wimmer Bros., paperback, 220 pp., \$10.95 plus \$1.25 postage and handling. Available from the author, P.O. Box 3238, Beach Station, Vero Beach, Fla. 32960). We cannot youch for tha recipes, though they read well enough, but the bridge bands are sound and instructional. Coosider thia

example. North-South arrived at a four spade contract after aoormal auction. Note North'a decisioo to raise to two apades despite his balaoced hand. The quality of bis trumps was too good to suppress, and partner tends to bave a five-card auit wheo he opeos ooe spade. West led tha nine of clubs.

and declarer was looking at three sure losers in hearts and cluba. If the contract were going to aucceed, declarer would have to find the king of spades with East. and bold his losers in bearts to one trick. And he would need the heart suit to furnish an ectry to dummy for the trump finesse.

The heart play might seem like a guess - lead to the king or finesse the jack. Actually, there is no guess involved. East, a passed hand, is marked with K-Q-J in clubs by the opening lead, and he must have the king of apades if the contract is to succeed. Therefore, he cannot hold the ace of hearts. So declarer won the ace of clubs and led a heart, rising with the king wheo West played low. A succesaful trump finesae assured the contract.

# Irish guerrilla gets 5 consecutive life terms

BELFAST (R) - An Irish nationalist guerrilla said to have planned a bomb attack at the wedding of Prince Charles and Princess Diana io 1981 was jailed for life Friday for five murders.

Harry Kirkpatrick, 26, conessed to the murders and to 72 other charges. He is reported to have made statements to police implicating 18 members of the outlawed Irish National Liberation Army (INLA) in terrorist activities.

Three weeks ago the INLA took his wife hostage and has threateoed to kill her if Kirkpatrick testifies against any of its mem-

He was given five consecutive life seotences Friday and 72 other jail terms ranging from five to 20 years for murder, attempted murder, conspiracy to murder, possession of arms, hijacking, armed robbery, burglary, bombing and membership of a banned org-

Two of his victims were policemen, two were members of the predominantly Protestant Ulster Defence Regiment (UDR), and the fifth was a Catholic member of the territorial army.

As Kirkpatrick looked on impassively, a further 29 charges against him were dropped.

The court heard of a plan to bomb the route taken by Prince Charles and Princess Diana after their wedding in July 1981, in which an Englishman identified only as Mike and an American named Denis were implicated. The plot fell through after Kirkpatrick failed to obtain exp-

Prosecuting counsel John Creancy told the court: "Kirkpatrick was not a simple volunteer. He

was at the beart of all operations." A police detective, asked if Kirkpatrick had felt any genuine remorse for his actions, said: "I feel he is disenchanted with the life he was leading, and the part be was playing in the terrorist war ... "

Kirkpatrick's defence lawyer said his client had made a full statement to police and was ready to face the consequences.

# China puzzled by sudden Mongolian expulsion order

PEKING (R) - Chioa has protested to Mongolia over the expulsion of hundreds of Chinese and said it had harmed relations between the two countries.

Mongolia's ambassador to Peking, Puntsagyn Shagdarsuren, was summoned to the foreign ministry to receive a protest note accusing his government of intensified persecution of Chinese citizens.

The cote, distributed to foreign. journalists, said many Chinese resdeots, of the Mongolian capital Ulan Bator had been expelled in the last three months for refusing to obey orders to move to remote In Moscow, the Soviet news

agency TASS Friday reprinted an article from an official Mongolian newspaper which said the Chinese had been told to leave the capital to find work, Most shirked socially useful labour and lived on imearned income, it said.

According to the Chinese protest oote, resettlement orders were served on 1,764 Chinese. But h did not say how many had been expelled.

The exodus was growing despite repeated representations and those leaving were forced to strip at the border by Mongolian customs officials who made bumfiscated their belongings, the note

Chinese unwilling to leave Ulan Bator were intimidated by police into applying to return to China,

It said the Mongolian actioo "has put up a new obstacle to the improvement of the relations between the two countries. The Chinese side expresses its indignation at this"

Moogolia is dominated politically, economically and militarily by the Soviet Unioo and has had strained relations with China since Peking's ideological split with Moscow more than 20 years The note said China had raised

with Mongolia, stating that Peking would have no objection if the Mongolians found suitable work on farms for unemployed Chinese who agreed to move. Some Western diplomats have suggested the exodus reflected Mongolian concern that the land-

locked buffer state could suffer because of the mild thaw in Sino-Soviet relations in the last year. But the reprinting of the new-spaper article by TASS appeared to indicate that Moscow sup-

mitiative for the Middle East.

COLOMBO (R) - Guerrillas the resettlement issue 14 times

Sinnathamby Thilagar, 57, a

The guerrilla have also been blamed for killing at least 30 policemen, three soldiers and two

# opeao countries, with rep- working or not. U.K. pro-hanging lobby awaits Conservative win

The ecologists are fighting on a Porritt says the ecologists see

ablished in almost all West Eur- minimum income for all, whether

Britain's 'greens' hope to

repeat German success

LONDON (R) - Almost 20 years after the abolition of hanging in Britain, the Conservative Party's buge lead in the election race has raised the hopes of Britons who want to bring back the gallows.

"It will probably be a close thing either way in the next parliament," says John Walker, oational organiser of the Monday Club, a right-wing, pro-execution pressure group within Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Conservative Party.

A massive shift in the membership of the House of Commoos would be needed to restore capital punishment, which Parliament treats as a moral issue on which it would be wrong to impose the normal discipline of party-line

But opinion polls, showing the Conservatives up to 19 per ceot ahead, seem to say that such a result is possible.

If voting in the general election on June 9 follows the polls, the new 650-seat parliament will have something like 140 new Conservative members, some replacing defeated Labour members and others taking the place of

Conservatives who stood down. Mr. Walker says that Conservative candidates likely to capture opposition seats on Thursday are predominantly pro-hanging.

Mrs. Thatcher supports hanging as possible sentence for all murders, with judges to decide when to impose it.

But some of her cabinet colleagues, including Home Secretary William Whitelaw, the minister responsible for law enforcement, are against all capital

In a BBC television interview last week, the prime minister said: "I bave always voted for capital punishment.

Making clear that she spoke for herself and not for her party, ahe added: "I believe there are some people who would be deterred if they knew that, should they murder somone else, they would auffer

the final penalty." Britain's police federation, which represents 118,000 rankand-file police officers, lobbies actively for the return of the death penalty for murder. It says that among the British public too there is a strong majority in favour.

# Salvadorean guerrillas allegedly shoot prisoners

SAN SALVADOR (R) - Salvadorean left-wing guerrillas killed at least 30 captured goverament troops in cold blood last mooth, shooting them through the head at point-blank range, U.S. military advisers said here Friday.

At a U.S. embassy press conference held to back up charges of a major massacre of government prisoners, correspondents were shown photographs of the victims, stripped to their underwear and with builet holes between or around the eyes.

According to U.S. military advisers, the executions came in the aftermath of a fierce battle on May 24 which resulted in the destruction of an important bridge of

vince of San Vicente. For most of the war, international human rights organisations have ascribed massacres to the army or security forces and credited the guerrillas of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN) with

humane treatment of prisoners. "The gloves are off. You are seeing the new way this thing (war) is going to go. It is going to get nastier," the commander of the U.S. military group in El Salvador, Col. John Waghelstein,

told the press conference. Last week, Waghelstein's deputy, Albert Schaufelberger, was shot and killed in San Salvador -

# NEWS IN BRIEF

# Jayewardene postpones Pakistan visit

ISLAMABAD (R) — A six-day state visit to Pakistan by Sri Lankan President Junius Jayewardene has been postponed because of the illness of President Mobammad Zia UI-Haq. the Foreign Ministry announced Saturday. The announcement said the visit, due to have begun on June 8, would now be rescheduled. Gen. Zia, 58, underwent a gall-bladder operation on Wednesday, and officials said he was making a fast recovery at a military hospital in Rawalpindi.

ended four days of talks on bilateral relations here Saturday. satisfied with the inaugural meeting of a joint commission set up in March to improve cooperation. At a news conference Indian External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao said modest but useful progress was made, while Pakistan Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan said the joint commission laid a solid foundation on which to build better relations, The joint commission decided to tackle lesser problems before turning to negotiations on thorny issues like a no-war pact.

# for whistling

BIRMINGHAM, England (R) -Non-stop whistler Larry Parry was

## Peru gets new civil guard chief